

Marine Corps University Course Catalog AY24-25



MARINE CORPS UNIVERSITY

The Marine Corps University (MCU) Catalog is an official publication of the Marine Corps University. Other documents and publications that include information on Marine Corps University are referenced throughout. This catalog serves as a source of information for students, faculty, and staff.

The MCU Catalog provides a brief description of the colleges, schools, programs, and educational support establishments that make up Marine Corps University. The University reserves the right to alter academic conditions such as the arrangement of courses and degree requirements. Other provisions affecting students may be changed as necessary.

This catalog and other information about MCU organizations and functions are available on the World Wide Web at the Marine Corps University Home Page: www.usmcu.edu

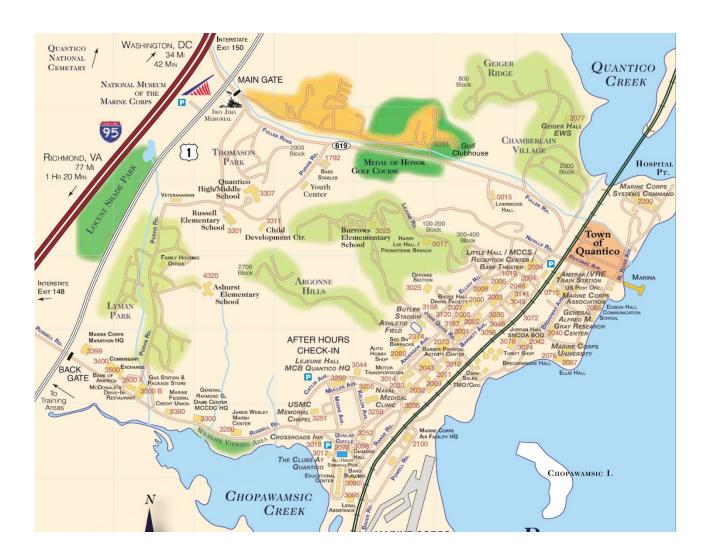
Marine Corps University is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges to award master's degrees. Contact the Commission on Colleges at 1866 Southern Lane, Decatur, Georgia, 30033-4097 or call 404-679-4500 for questions about the accreditation of Marine Corps University.

The Commission's website is www.sacscoc.org. Normal inquiries about the University, such as admission requirements, educational programs, etc., should be addressed directly to the University and not to the Commission's office. The Commission is to be contacted *only* if there is evidence that appears to support the University's significant non-compliance with a requirement or standard.

MARINE CORPS UNIVERSITY

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MARINE CORPS UNIVERSITY



2076	Breckinridge Hall – MCU HQ
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2048	Dunlap Hall (connected to Breckinridge
	Hall) – Marine Corps War College
2084	Marine Corps Warfighting Laboratory
2082	Ellis Hall
2040	General Alfred M. Gray Research Center (GRC)
2044	John W. Warner Center
3076	Jordan Hall, Staff Non-Commissioned Officer
	Academy Barracks
3077	Conde Hall, Staff Noncommissioned Officer
	Academy, Quantico
2077	Geiger Hall - Expeditionary Warfare School
3078	Billet Hall – College of Enlisted Military Education
	and Marine Corps Senior Enlisted Academy
13201	Purvis Road - Lincoln Military Housing
1775	National Museum of the Marine Corps
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MARINE CORPS UNIVERSITY

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MCU MISSION, VALUES, AND VISION

Mission: We educate Marines to prevail in combat.

Values: We value heritage, innovation, and decisiveness:

- **Heritage.** Upholding our legacy as an elite fighting force, we preserve and present the history of the United States Marine Corps to our successors and the public.
- **Innovation.** We educate Marines to be pioneers and lifelong learners of critical thinking, collaboration, initiative, and leadership.
- **Decisiveness.** Highly disciplined in planning, decision making, and execution, we develop Marines to deliver timely, relevant, and compelling solutions to complex problems.

<u>Vision</u>: Be the premier institution where warfighters explore history's lessons, integrate novel technology, and emerge as the most capable, sought-after leaders in the ever-evolving landscape of conflict. We are dedicated to fostering a culture of continuous professional military education, strategic thinking, and excellence, equipping our graduates to face future challenges with resilience and to lead with unwavering honor, courage, and commitment.

MCU HISTORY

Marine Corps University was founded on 1 August 1989 by order of the Commandant of the Marine Corps, General Alfred M. Gray. Its schools claim a much longer history, beginning in 1891 with 29 company grade officers attending the School of Application. Today's MCU is the vision and legacy of Generals Lejeune, Butler, Breckinridge, and Gray.

Efforts of the Marine Corps to give its personnel formal military schooling date back to 1891, when the School of Application was established as the first resident school for Marine officers. This school, becoming the Officers Training School in 1909, eventually relocated to Quantico



immediately following America's entry into World War I where it became the nucleus of Marine officer instruction. Throughout the remainder of World War I, experienced veterans returning from France were employed to train those preparing to deploy.

World War I had demonstrated to Major General Lejeune the need for the education of Marines of all ranks. Gleaning valuable lessons from the experience of World War I, General Lejeune insisted adequate time be

allotted for the study of weapons and their proper tactical employment. As a result, in the fall of 1919, the Marine Corps Officers Training School was opened at Quantico. Brigadier General Butler, realizing the importance of military education for the core of professional officers, continued General Lejeune's concepts by developing plans for two additional courses of instruction. The first, called the Field Officers Course, welcomed its first students in October 1920. The second, the Company Grade Officers Course, convened its first class in July 1921. These two courses, along with the basic Marine Corps Officer Training School, formed the foundation of what General Lejeune termed "Marine Corps Schools." It was this beginning that formed the basis of the Marine Corps University as it exists today.



During the interwar years, key visionaries like Major Earl Hancock Ellis and Colonel Robert H. Dunlap, whose names grace Marine Corps University buildings today, foresaw the need for studies in amphibious warfare. In the late 1920s, comprehensive instruction in amphibious operations increased dramatically as the Corps foresaw the need to train its officers in this new mission. To expand the audience of the expanding Marine Corps Schools, correspondence courses were established to parallel the resident courses.

Beginning in 1930, special groups were formed from selected Field Officers School graduates and students to work on amphibious doctrine and

requirements. Brigadier General James C. Breckinridge, who rewrote the entire curriculum to a strictly Marine Corps orientation, championed the new science of amphibious warfare and close air support. Breckinridge required his officers to become skilled instructors, specialists in the new "Marine Corps Science." So important was this new concept, the Field Officers School was temporarily discontinued so its staff and students could devote their full time to developing the new

MCU HISTORY

doctrine. To reflect the importance of the Marine Corps' new mission, two schools were re-designated Amphibious Warfare Senior and Junior Courses for Field Grade and Company Grade officers, respectively. The study and innovative actions at Quantico in the 1920s and 1930s led to the dramatic amphibious successes of World War II.

Due to manpower shortages during World War II, both courses suspended classes. The students and staff assumed those duties necessary to support a quickly expanding Marine Corps. In 1943, an operationally oriented three month "Command and Staff Course" opened at Quantico based on the need for school-trained, field grade officers with commensurate skills to serve in the Pacific Theater.

In 1946, the Marine Corps reestablished the three-tiered, professional military education system. Lessons learned from World War II and new

concepts based on atomic warfare theory were quickly added to the curricula of the Amphibious Warfare Senior and Junior Courses. In the 1950s, shortly after the Corps introduced vertical envelopment, the curricula at both schools were again modified to include the use of helicopters in amphibious warfare.



In 1964, the Senior Course was re-designated Command and Staff College and the Junior Course became Amphibious Warfare School. Amphibious operations remained the theme in both courses throughout the 1970s. On 16 February 1971, the first course of the Staff Noncommissioned Officer Academy at Quantico, Virginia, convened. In 1981, the Noncommissioned Officer Basic Course was established at 18 sites, and the Senior Course for Staff Sergeants was implemented at Quantico, Virginia. The following year, the Advanced Course for First Sergeants and Master Sergeants was implemented at Quantico, Virginia.

Dynamic refinement of the Corps' professional military education system brought significant curriculum changes in the late 1980s. Maneuver warfare theory was introduced and a focus on Marine Air Ground Task Force (MAGTF) operations was implemented. In 1989, under the direction of then Commandant of the Marine Corps, General Alfred M. Gray, five independent Marine Corps schools were organized into the Marine Corps University.

In 1990, the Art of War Studies program was created and, one year later, matured into the Marine Corps War College as the Corps' senior-level officer professional military education school. Also in 1990, the enlisted Advanced Course became a course for Gunnery Sergeants.

Throughout the 1990s, MCU adjusted itself to fit the needs of the Marine Corps. In 1993 the Commanders' Program was established for all Lieutenant Colonels and Colonels slated for command; in 1994, annual E-8 Seminars and E-9 Symposiums were established; in 1995, the Logistics Instruction Branch was created to teach all ranks the art of logistics; in 1996, the First Sergeants course was established; and in 1997, the College of Continuing Education was created and directed to integrate all officer distance education programs within a single college.

MCU HISTORY

Recent events demonstrate how MCU has continued its impressive list of developments and accomplishments: In 1999, MCU was accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to award a Masters of Military Science degree for Command and Staff College; in 2001 MCU was accredited to award a Masters of Strategic Studies to graduating students of the Marine Corps War College; in 2003 MCU was accredited to award a Masters of Operational Studies to graduates of the School of Advanced Warfighting. In 2002, the Amphibious Warfare School and the Command and Control Systems Course merged to become the Expeditionary Warfare School with the first class graduating in 2003. Also in 2003, the Logistics Instruction Branch was renamed the School of MAGTF Logistics (SOML) and the Senior Leader Development Program (SLDP) was created to manage General Officer education.

In 2000, Training and Education Command was created at Quantico as the Marine Corps University's higher headquarters. Over time, Officer Candidates School, The Basic School, Command and Control Systems School, the College of Continuing Education, and SOML were realigned to report to the Commanding General of Training Command, and the SLDP has since grown into the Executive Education Program as part of Lejeune Leadership Institute, responsible for the development of leadership programs across the Marine Corps. In 2010, the MAGTF Instructional Group was established under the cognizance of the Vice President for Academic Affairs, and in 2012 the Center for Advanced Operational Culture Learning was moved under the cognizance of the President, MCU. In 2013, the College of Continuing Education, now known as the College of Distance Education and Training, was again re-aligned within the University in order to integrate all aspects of a Marine's professional military educational development. Most recently, in 2017 MCU established what is now named the Brute Krulak Center for Innovation and Future Warfare to support its Quality Enhancement Plan for improving student creative problem-solving skills.

From a humble beginning arose a tradition of study and innovation that continues to this day. The University's focus, as Education Command, is clearly on the education of leaders in our Corps of Marines. In 2015 MCU's ability to award regionally accredited graduate degrees was reaffirmed by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges thereby attesting to the University's continued academic excellence in the realm of Professional Military Education.



MCU ACCREDITATION

In addition to certifying students for completion of the professional military education requirements mandated by the Commandant of the Marine Corps for the total Marine Force, Marine Corps University is accredited to award master's degrees and to certify military graduates of certain programs as having met Department of Defense requirements towards qualification for designation as Joint Qualified Officers.

Master's Degrees

The Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools has accredited the Marine Corps University to grant the following degrees:

Master of Operational Studies (School of Advanced Warfighting) Master of Military Studies (Command and Staff College)	Master	±	(Marine Corps War College) (School of Advanced Warfighting) (Command and Staff College)	
viasion of vinitary studies (Command and Staff Conege)	Widstel	of William y Studies	(Command and Starr Conege)	

All credits toward the University's master's degrees are earned through instruction offered by the University. Marine Corps University does not accept transfer credit from any institution.

Joint Professional Military Education (JPME)

The Marine Corps War College, Command and Staff College, and the College of Distance Education and Training are accredited by the Joint Staff J-7 through The Chairman of the JCS recently added Outcomes Based Military Education (OBME) Milestone Process overseen by the J-7. Each is measured against criteria standards, and specific JPME learning areas and objectives as defined in the governing instruction, CJCS Instruction 1800.01 series, Officer Professional Military Education Policy (OPMEP). The OBME Milestone Process is guided by accepted civilian accreditation standards and practices tailored to the needs of the JPME system.

JPME requirements are divided into two phases: Phase I and Phase II. JPME Phase I is taught at service intermediate level PME programs while JPME Phase II is taught at service senior level PME programs.

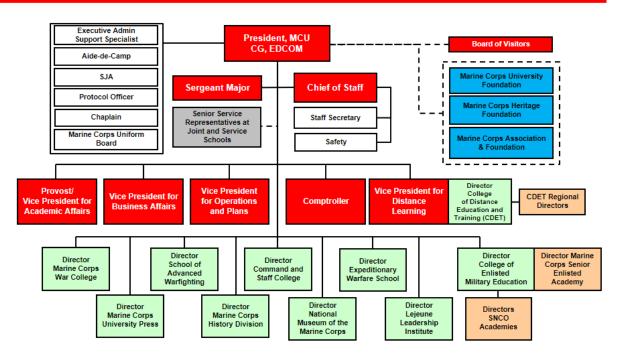
The Command and Staff College and the College of Distance Education and Training's CSC Distance Education Programs curricula currently include the first of the two-phased Joint Qualified Officer education mandated by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. As a result, graduates of these programs receive JPME Phase I qualification upon graduation. The Marine Corps War College transitioned from a JPME Phase I focus to a JPME Phase II focus during Academic Year 2005-2006. Graduates of this program receive JPME Phase II qualification.

In all three programs, the JPME learning areas and objectives are integrated into the curricula rather than taught as separate subjects. The JPME Phase I and Phase II learning areas and objectives are described in greater detail in the Command and Staff College and Marine Corps War College portions of this catalog, respectively.

MCU ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



MCU Organization





Mission

The Marine Corps War College® (MCWAR), as the senior PME institution of the Marine Corps, educates selected military and civilian professionals in order to develop critical thinkers, military strategists, joint warfighters, and strategic leaders who are prepared to meet the challenges of a complex and dynamic security environment.

Program Outcomes

MCWAR graduates are:

• Prepared to be strategic advisors.

- o Evaluate national security strategies, policies, decision making criteria, and joint warfighting campaigns and plans.
- o Develop effective reading and thinking skills.

• Prepared to be *critical and creative thinkers*.

- o Integrate information and arguments.
- o Create national security strategies, national military strategies, and campaign plans.

• Prepared to be *military strategists*.

- o Integrate the framework of ends, ways, means, and risk.
- o Evaluate the integration of all instruments of national power.
- o Evaluate the employment or threat of force in the pursuit of political objectives.

• Prepared to be <u>senior joint warfighters</u>.

- o Evaluate the changing character and enduring nature of war.
- o Evaluate the planning and conduct of campaigns and major operations.
- o Evaluate essential leadership and decision-making attributes.

Educational Philosophy

The War College employs active adult teaching methods to provide a professional educational experience where students are accountable to both the faculty and their peers for their contribution. The small student body and low student-to-faculty ratio enhance this active learning experience. Instructional methods and techniques include extensive reading, seminars, formal and informal presentations, tutorials, field studies, research, writing, war games, practical applications, and examinations.

The War College acknowledges that senior military and civilian leaders must complement competence in national defense matters with an understanding of the political, economic, social, and informational environments, which influence the formulation of national strategy. Domestic and international field study travel provides opportunities to meet with senior government and civilian leaders who share responsibility for formulating national policy and strategy. Integrated throughout the curriculum, such travel complements the five core courses of the curriculum. This travel provides a global perspective and framework upon which students can base their analysis, assessment, formulation, and application of national and military strategy.

These active learning methods require diligence, self-discipline, and time for preparation and reflection. Accordingly, well-planned *professional study and preparation time* (PSPT) is a vital aspect of the War College's curriculum. PSPT is integrated throughout each academic course as time students may use to prepare for each class.

Joint Professional Military Education (JPME)

Service Senior Level Colleges (SLC) focus on national military strategy as derived from national security strategy and policy, and its impact on strategic leadership, force readiness, theater strategy and campaigning. SLC subject matter is inherently joint; JPME at this level focuses on the development of joint attitudes and perspectives.

The War College transitioned to a Congressionally-mandated JPME Phase II institution and achieved JPME Phase II certification during Academic Year 2005-2006 and was fully accredited in 2008-2009. MCWAR renewed its accreditation in 2017. To retain accreditation, the War College's curriculum must meet the guidelines set forth by Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (CJCS J7). In CJCS Instruction 1800.1F, *Officer Professional Military Education Policy* (*OPMEP*) the Chairman directs JPME II institutions to address the following six joint learning areas:

- Strategic Thinking and Communication
- The Profession of Arms
- The Continuum of Competition, Conflict, and War
- The Security Environment. Joint officers effectively and continuously assess the security implications of the current and future operational environment. Using appropriate inter-disciplinary analytical frameworks, they evaluate historical, cultural, political, military, economic, innovative, technological, and other competitive forces to identify and evaluate potential threats, opportunities, and risks.
- Strategy and Joint Planning
- Globally Integrated Operations

Degree

All MCWAR students who meet degree program admission requirements and successfully complete the MCWAR curriculum earn a regionally accredited Master of Strategic Studies (MSS) degree.

Curriculum

Commoioning and Worfers	_
Campaigning and Warfare	3
Diplomacy and Statecraft	6
National Security	6
Leadership and Ethics	3
Joint Warfare	8
Advanced Studies Program	3
Total Credits:	31

MCWAR courses have learning outcomes designed to support the school's mission and its program outcomes. The following learning outcomes are common to all MCWAR courses:

- Demonstrate an ability to think and read critically at the strategic level, including an emphasis on examining assumptions, evaluating alternative courses of action, assessing evidence, making logical inferences, and using appropriate analogies.
- Demonstrate creative reasoning and problem solving at the strategic level, including the robust generation of imaginative proposals to address complex problems, especially those with interagency, multi-national, and cross-cultural dimensions.

• Demonstrate sound strategic judgment and decision-making, with an emphasis on communication, negotiation, consensus building, implementation, and assessment.

Advanced Studies Program (ASP) (3 Credit Hours)

The Advanced Studies Program (ASP) allows students to deepen their mastery of a particular topic within the core curriculum. With the exception of JW, each course at MCWAR holds a semesterlong ASP that allows students the opportunity to read more deeply on their chosen topic, engage with faculty in a smaller setting (often 4-8 students), and develop a project of their choosing. Students are offered the option of taking one of the offered ASPs or conducting research in their own area of study as part of the Independent Research Project (IRP).

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Create defensible, well-stated positions to address complex strategic issues.
- Develop scholarly written and oral projects.
- Demonstrate an ability to think and read critically at the strategic level, including an emphasis on examining assumptions, evaluating alternative courses of action, assessing evidence, making logical inferences, and using appropriate analogies.

Diplomacy and Statecraft (DS) (6 Credit Hours)

The Diplomacy and Statecraft (DS) course explores the "D" in DIME, albeit with a heavy focus on political-military and security issues. The course is chiefly aimed at competition with two great power rivals – China and Russia. Therefore, most of our "country studies" deal with China and its periphery (including the Indo-Pac) and with Russia and Eurasia. We also examine four nations – Iran, Israel, India, and Mexico – too important to ignore. The DS course includes study of nuclear issues, such as the Nuclear Posture Review, the modernization of the US nuclear triad, nuclear weapons strategy, deterrence strategy, and arms control. Historical case studies, such as the Cuban Missile Crisis, the Road to Pearl Harbor, 1921-1941, and the Korean War, 1950-1951, illuminate theoretical and methodological approaches to diplomatic and security policy. The basic goal of the DS course is the development of analytical techniques that can be applied to difficult problems confronted in future jobs.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Evaluate past, present, and likely future policy and security environments and decision-making contexts using analytical frameworks, techniques, and lenses (e.g., culture).
- Formulate new or revised policy objectives (ends) and policy actions (ways and means) for strategic-leaders and decision-makers, using appropriate instruments of national power.
- Evaluate possible second-and-third order effects, demonstrating judgment of risk and uncertainty.
- Assess leadership and decision-making in a dynamic joint, intergovernmental, interagency, and multinational environment.

Joint Warfare (JW) (8 Credit Hours)

The Joint Warfare (JW) course complements the Campaigning and Warfare course of MCWAR by connecting strategic ideas and concepts to the application of military force in pursuit of national strategic objectives. Drawing heavily from joint doctrine and discussions with key senior leadership, the JW course explores the nexus between strategy and operations, to aid students in the development of the analytical tools required to think critically and act decisively within an ambiguous environment.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Evaluate joint warfare processes, strategies, and operational plans.
- Demonstrate strategic perception by evaluating current and future joint topics in terms of an ends/ways/means/risk construct.
- Evaluate, explain, and effectively advocate for positions on strategic and operational issues.
- Evaluate ambiguous environments and create effective structures and mental frameworks to operate within them.

Leadership and Ethics (LE) (3 Credit Hours)

The Leadership and Ethics (LE) course builds on students' status as mature, experienced professionals. This course asks students to think deeply about using their existing skills and competencies in new interagency, joint, intergovernmental, and multinational environments, where leadership is often complex and uncertain. It also develops new skills to enable students to thrive in the complicated strategic environment where there are possibly no right answers, only difficult decisions.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Evaluate effective strategic leadership.
- Assess the ethical and moral dilemmas strategic leaders face.
- Evaluate the impact of legal and ethical considerations associated with the use of military force in a complex and dynamic security environment.

National Security (NS) (6 Credit Hours)

The NS course helps students to develop an in-depth understanding of the development of national security strategies. The curriculum begins with an in-depth study of the US Constitution and the "American Way of War" and explores how that translates into our national security culture, organization, strategies, policies, and procedures.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Evaluate national security principal actors' cultures, incentives, characteristics, and relationships.
- Evaluate the formal and informal governmental processes and frameworks that contribute to national security strategy, policy development, and implementation.
- Evaluate how historical, contemporary, and future security environments affect strategies in support of national objectives.
- Evaluate the impact of economic considerations on national security, strategic decision-making, and warfare.

Campaigning and Warfare (CW) (5 Credit Hours)

The Campaigning and Warfare (CW) course complements the Joint Warfare and National Security courses of MCWAR through the employment of connecting theory, history, wargaming, and discussions of strategic ideas and concepts to the application of military force. Drawing heavily from the great strategic theorists and military history, CW will explore both the strategy of competition and conflict, as well as taking deep dives into various historical campaigns. One of the course's key goals is to help students think critically about the development and execution of "campaigns for strategic impact."

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Evaluate traditional and non-traditional principles of war at the strategic and operational levels of war.
- Assess national security policies, national military strategies, and associated theater campaigns and operations.
- Evaluate the relationship between elements of national power and the achievement of operational objectives and strategic end states.
- Appraise the impact of cultural, social, and political factors on the design, development, and execution of military operations and strategy.

Admissions Policy

Admission to MCWAR is based on allocations granted by the Commandant of the Marine Corps. The admissions policy supports the mission of the College and reflects the needs of the United States Marine Corps and the educational criteria of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. The student body consists of three distinct student populations: U.S. military officers, international military officers, and Federal Government civilian employees. Invitation, nomination, and admission to the College vary by student type: U.S. military officers are admitted through their services' selection/assignment processes; International officers are admitted by invitational nomination through Headquarters, Marine Corps; Federal Government civilian employees are admitted through an invitational nomination and approval process.

Admission Requirements

Eligibility prerequisites for MCWAR are established by the military services by the military services and are identified in the applicable service regulations and requirements for attendance at a senior-level PME institution. Specific admissions prerequisites for MCWAR are as follows:

- Grade: O-5/O-6 (LtCol/Col, CDR/CAPT) for military officers; GS/GM-14/15 for Federal Government civilian employees.
- Possess a Top Secret clearance that will not expire during the academic year.
- Possess an official business or diplomatic passport that will not expire during the academic year.
- Professional experience that will allow the student to interact in interagency discussions.
- Suitability for future service and increased responsibility. MCWAR expects that sponsoring agencies will select students who have demonstrated leadership, skill, and resourcefulness in difficult assignments, and have demonstrated sound performance in an academic environment.
- Marine Corps officers must meet PME requirements as identified in Marine Corps Order P1553.4B.
- A regionally or nationally accredited undergraduate degree (United States bachelor's degree or its equivalent).
- Graduate-level capabilities to read, comprehend, speak, and write in English. Ability to
 rapidly comprehend and analyze large amounts of reading and contribute effectively during
 graduate-level, competitive seminars led by a variety of professors and military faculty. All
 international students are required to have achieved a TOEFL score of 560/220/83 prior to
 their selection.

Physical and Skill Requirements

MCWAR's curriculum is dynamic and interactive. Students are required to travel and actively participate in various educational forums. Specific physical and skill requirements are as follows:

- Small-group interaction in war games and practical application exercises, which require individual and group military, planning, and briefing skills.
- Meet the physical fitness and height and weight requirements for their respective military service or Federal Government agency.
- Active participation in battlefield staff rides, which includes walking, hiking, and conducting on-site, oral briefs.

NOTE: Nominees with special medical needs are advised that medical care may not be available while traveling or conducting battlefield staff rides at remote and overseas locations.

Student Evaluation

MCWAR's evaluation system emphasizes high academic standards appropriate to graduate-level education. Grading by Course Directors is based on a variety of oral and written evaluations with an emphasis on quality seminar contribution. Grading standards are:

Numerical	Letter	
Grade	Grade	Meaning
97-100	A+	Exceptional Performance (comparatively rare)
94-96	A	Evantional Darformana
90-93	A-	Exceptional Performance
87-89	B+	High Quality Performance
83-86	В	Quality Performance
80-82	B-	Meets Minimal Expected Performance

Students who receive a course grade of C+ or lower are counseled by the specific Course Director and are required to remediate to bring the grade up to at least a B-. IRPs are graded on a high pass/pass/fail standard. No more than 20 percent of students may receive a high pass.

Student Body

School seats are based on allocations granted by the Commandant of the Marine Corps that support the mission of the College and reflect the requirements of the United States Marine Corps. Additionally, requirements support the JPME criteria set forth in the CJCS instruction 1800.01F, Officer Professional Military Education, and interagency agreements with Federal Government agencies. The AY24-25 student body consists of:

U.S. Marine Corps Officers	12
U.S. Navy Officers	2
U.S. Air Force Officers	3
U.S. Army Officers	4
U.S. Space Force Officers	1
International Officers	3
U.S. Federal Government Civilians	3
TOTAL	28

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https://www.usmcu.edu/MCWAR/

Mission



The School of Advanced Warfighting develops lead planners and future commanders with the will and creative intellect to design and execute joint campaigns and naval expeditionary operations

Educational Philosophy

SAW is a problem-solving and decision making course, rather than a planning course, although planning is used as a vehicle for study and preparation. The majority of the learning exercises of the School of Advanced Warfighting can be described as follows: The student is presented with a mass of information and given a problem to solve. The problem may be to answer a discussion question, devise a campaign plan, make decisions in a wargame, craft a brief or point

paper, conduct a staff study, or carry out additional research for an essay on an assigned topic. The process becomes iterative: break the problem into its elements, solve these, relate the partial solutions to the greater problem, identify the question on which the whole problem turns, and finally, resolve that question or problem. Implied is the potential for an inherently greater tempo and experience in recognizing and then discarding distracting, non- critical information.

The study of military history develops the analytic mind of the officer, enhances the understanding of military issues, and facilitates the officer's future decision-making efforts. Historical studies are not used didactically; rather, they are approached without bias so that the conclusions resulting from a thorough analysis of established facts can then be evaluated without prejudice. Unable to anticipate all the problems that the graduates might face in their further military service, SAW seeks to equip them to solve any problem that might arise.

Program Outcomes

SAW graduates will be able to:

- Create solutions to complex problems and apply operational art in an uncertain geostrategic security environment.
- Apply knowledge of the operational level of war, the art of command and ethical behavior in warfighting.
- Quickly and critically evaluate a situation, determine the essence of a problem, fashion a suitable response and concisely communicate the conclusion in oral, written and visual forms.
- Apply the competence, confidences, character and creativity required to plan, lead and command at high-level service, joint and combined headquarters.
- Create, design, plan and implement adaptive concepts to meet current and future challenges.

Degree

Students who complete the curriculum receive Marine Corps University's Master of Operational Studies degree. United States Marine students earn the 0505 Operational Planner and 0506 Red Team Military Occupational Specialty (MOS).

Curriculum

SAW's curriculum consists o	<u>f:</u>
Operational Art	18
Operational Planning	9
Changing Character of Conflict	9
Total Credits:	36

Operational Art (18 Credit Hours)

This course uses campaign analysis to introduce students to the decisions of past planners and commanders. Students will devise alternate solutions to the historical examples studied. This course examines military theory in the historic context in which it developed. Finally, students will consider the impact of ethics, national values, and military culture on the development and execution of military campaigns.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Apply historical insights from cases and military theory to assess the interrelationship between strategy, operations, and tactics and how it shapes campaign planning and decisionmaking.
- Analyze factors influencing how military organizations and strategic leaders assess the operational environment and make decisions that affect campaign and institutional design.
- **Evaluate** how commanders understand and visualize the link between strategic objectives and tactics through operational design.
- Create concise and compelling written, oral, and visual campaign plans, assessments and analysis.

Operational Planning (9 Credit Hours)

This course provides students with an in depth understanding and appreciation of Service and Joint planning processes for use when developing campaign plans against transregional, all domain, all-functional military problems across the competition to conflict continuum. This course explores the translation of political goals into military objectives when creating global campaign, contingency, and crisis plans.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- **Apply** knowledge of operational art and planning methodologies to complex contemporary and future military problems.
- **Analyze** the operational environment and elements of operational design in developing an appropriate operational approach.
- **Evaluate** how strategy, operational art, tactics, military history, military theory and doctrine inform and frame campaign design and planning.
- Create concise and compelling written, oral, and visual campaign plans, assessments and analysis.

Changing Character of Conflict (9 Credit Hours)

This course introduces students to academic literature on international crises, competition, and conflict vital to understanding the operational environment and developing contemporary campaign

plans. The course explores how military organizations generate power, respond to change, and create response options for strategic decision makers. The course is research intensive and provides students with an understanding of how to conduct case studies, basic quantitative analysis and evaluate alternative futures.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Apply different methods to analyze the changing character of competition and conflict.
- **Analyze** factors influencing how military organizations and strategic leaders assess the operational environment and make decisions.
- **Evaluate** the different factors and trends shaping how military organizations, innovate and adapt.
- Create concise and compelling written, oral, and visual campaign plans, assessments and analysis

Admissions Policy

Admission to SAW is based on allocations granted by the Commandant of the Marine Corps.

Application Procedures

Student applications to SAW are processed annually in the following manner: the SAW selection process begins in the summer with the release of a MARADMIN (Marine Corps-wide administrative correspondence) to inform potential applicants about the course, requirements, and deadlines. The MARADMIN provides a link to the SAW website from which applications can be downloaded.

The application includes three pages: personal information, faculty or reporting senior endorsements, and a topical essay requirement. The application forms change each year in order to update the essay question. Military faculty advisors endorse resident ILS students' applications, and reporting seniors and either CDET regional coordinators or adjunct faculty advisors endorse non-resident ILS student applications.

In August and September, the Director of SAW briefs all students attending Marine Corps Command and Staff College, U.S. Naval War College, U.S. Air Force Command and Staff College, and U.S. Army Command and General Staff College about the SAW program and application requirements.

Deadline

Those applying must submit completed and endorsed applications to the Director, School of Advanced Warfighting by the deadline announced in the MARADMIN.

Selection

Selection of USMC, sister service and international students is identical. A board appointed by the SAW Director interviews each applicant. Most interviews are conducted in person, but video teleconference or telephone interviews are conducted for distant applicants when required.

Applicants currently attending other resident ILS courses are interviewed at their schools following the information brief in August-September. Recommended selections are forwarded to each services headquarters for final authority to enroll. Nominated international officers are invited through the International Military Training office, which in turn coordinates with the officers' military assignment staff. Once approved, all applicants are notified of the selection results.

Admission Requirements

General eligibility prerequisites for the School of Advanced Warfighting are those regulations and requirements established by the military services to select active duty, military students to attend an advanced intermediate-level professional military education (PME) institution.

Specific admissions prerequisites for the School of Advanced Warfighting are as follows:

- US active duty officers and international military officers.
- Grade: A promoted O-4 (Major/LCDR) and must not have previously failed selection for O-5. A Marine officer must not be a selected or promoted Lieutenant Colonel at the time of application to SAW. If in zone for selection at the time of application to SAW, failure for selection to Lieutenant Colonel terminates SAW eligibility.
- Marine Corps officers must meet O-4 PME requirements as identified in the USMC PME Order (MCO P1553.4B). College of Distance Education and Training (CDET) applicants must be graduates of the 8800-series seminar based CDET course.
- Currently enrolled CDET students may apply provided their commanding officer or College
 of Distance Education and Training (CDET) regional coordinator certifies that the applicant
 can reasonably complete the 8800 series program no later than two months prior to
 commencement of the upcoming academic year.
- Security Clearance: For U.S. officers, a SECRET clearance that will not expire during the academic year. USMC officers must have or be eligible to obtain a Top Secret/Special Compartmentalized Information (TS/SCI) clearance for post- graduation assignments.
- Approval from service personnel assignment section.
- Professional experience that will allow the student to interact in discussions involving the operational level of war and ensure suitability for future assignments involving significant responsibilities, including selection for and command at the O-5 level.
- SAW battlefield staff rides require international travel and applicants should possess a current passport prior to commencement of the academic year.
- Ability to rapidly comprehend and analyze large amounts of reading and contribute effectively during graduate-level, competitive seminars led by a variety of professors and military faculty.
- A regionally or nationally accredited undergraduate degree (United States bachelor's degree or its equivalent).
- Graduate-level capabilities to read, comprehend, speak, and write in English.

Physical and Skill requirements

The SAW curriculum requires students to be able to travel extensively and participate actively in various educational forums to include battlefield site studies involving moderate to rigorous hikes over rough terrain and in remote sites overseas. Since all students are active duty military, all must meet the mandatory physical fitness and height/weight requirements for their respective military service.

Student Evaluation

The intent of the evaluative mechanism is to signal to the student measurable strengths and weaknesses in order to allow for improvement through the school year.

The seminar is central to the conduct of the academic year and ensures success in meeting lesson objectives. In preparation for a seminar, the seminar leader, a faculty member, or visiting scholar organizes a set of readings that enable the student to examine the issues under study. Alternative viewpoints or interpretations, conflicting data, etc., are also presented.

In conjunction with the readings, discussion questions are posed to further guide the students in their preparation for the upcoming seminar. These questions are designed to provoke debate and, ultimately, to foster a comprehensive understanding of the underlying issues. Seminar participation, planning team leadership, two oral examinations, frequent written requirements and several oral presentations constitute the graded output of the School.

As part of the University's Quality Enhancement Plan goal of "Strengthening Leadership through Enhancement of Communication Skills," the SAW writing program is designed to develop sound and effective research skills; produce well-reasoned, coherent and supportable conclusions; advance an argument and convincingly defend a position; and develop the ability to condense information into a compact, effective written product.

Oral communication is enhanced through a series of formal briefings and frequent, less formal contributions in seminar. The intent of the latter is to require students to offer well-organized comments that reflect intellectual synthesis and effectively contribute to seminar discussions. The SAW faculty evaluates written and oral requirements using guidelines developed and approved by the University.

Student Body

Generally, the annual composition of the student population is similar to the following:

TOTAL	26
International Military Officers	3
U. S. Coast Guard Officers	1
U. S. Air Force Officers	2
U. S. Army Officers	1
U. S. Marine Corps Officers	19

Direct all inquiries to:

School of Advanced Warfighting Marine Corps University Warner Hall, 2d Deck, Office 2122 2044 South St, Quantico, VA 22134 (703) 784-6800 (703) 784-5121

https://www.usmcu.edu/SAW/

Mission



The Marine Corps Command and Staff College provides graduate level education and training in order to develop critical thinkers, innovative problem solvers, and ethical leaders_who will serve as commanders and staff officers with Marine Air Ground Task Forces (MAGTF) and with service, joint, interagency, intergovernmental, and multinational organizations confronting complex and uncertain security environments.

Educational Philosophy

Since the goal of professional military education is to develop officers who can employ innovative thinking when confronted with changing situations, Command and Staff College (CSC) provides a learning environment that encourages officers to cast a critical eye on traditional or accepted concepts. The primary instructional methodology is the Socratic seminar/guided discussion conducted by the Faculty Advisor Team in the conference group setting to foster a learning environment that encourages active and thoughtful participation on the part of each student.

Scheduled study and research days (SRDs) are incorporated into the regular schedule to provide the opportunity to read, write, reflect, and conduct required research during normal school hours. SRDs supplement, rather than replaces, study and research conducted after normal working hours. Other instructional methodologies employed include historical case studies, practical application planning and decision exercises, battlefield staff rides, presentations by faculty and guest lecturers, and tutorial sessions between students and faculty members. Emphasis on improving written and oral communication skills is integrated within the curriculum through a series of requirements -- oral presentations, point papers, analytical essays, and more traditional research-based efforts -- to build the ability to communicate effectively in a variety of situations, to critique and refine one's own work, and to improve speaking and writing skills.

Joint Professional Military Education (JPME)

CSC is accredited by the Department of Defense through the Process for Accreditation of Joint Education (PAJE) from the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (CJCS). CSC was last accredited as a Phase I course in 2014. The curriculum includes the first of the two-phased Joint Specialty Officer (JSO) education mandated by the CJCS. Graduates receive JPME Phase I certification upon graduation. Six primary learning areas constitute the JPME Phase I program:

- Area 1: Strategic Thinking and Communication
- Area 2: The Profession of Arms
- Area 3: The Continuum of Competition, Conflict and War
- Area 4: The Security Environment
- Area 5: Strategy and Joint Planning
- Area 6: Globally Integrated Operations

Program Outcomes

In keeping with the College's mission to produce skilled warfighting leaders able to overcome diverse 21st century security challenges, and to meet the expectations set by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the CSC College faculty have designed a curriculum focused on accomplishing a set of overarching goals. The outcomes are to ensure that graduates:

- (1) <u>War & Conflict</u>: Analyze the enduring nature and changing character of competition, conflict, and war to develop a historically informed perspective on current and future military competition and conflict.
- (2) <u>Strategy & Policy</u>: Analyze the evolving security environment and its implications for U.S. and adversary strategy and policy to inform the application of national power across the competition continuum.
- (3) <u>Doctrine & Capabilities</u>: Analyze U.S. and adversary military doctrine and capabilities across the competition continuum to employ Marine, naval, and joint warfighting forces to deter and defeat adversaries.
- (4) <u>Thinking & Problem Solving</u>: Apply cognitive tools, systemic approaches, planning processes, and communication skills to create solutions to complex and uncertain problems that commanders and high-level staff officers are expected to face.
- (5) <u>Leadership</u>: Apply leadership theories, principles, and skills consistent with the values, ethics, and standards of the Profession of Arms to enhance performance as commanders and high-level staff officers.

Curriculum

Foundations	1
Leadership in the Profession of Arms I	2
Rise of the Nation State & Great Power War	2
Evolution of an American Way of Modern War	2
National Security Affairs & the International System	2
Contemporary Strategic Competition	2
Warfighting Fundamentals	2
Joint Planning & Operations I	3
Joint Planning & Operations II	
Complex and Future Operations	$\frac{2}{2}$
Master of Military Studies I	1
Master of Military Studies II	2 3 2 2 5
Leadership in the Profession of Arms II	3
Origins of the Contemporary Operating Environment	2
Persistent Threats and Irregular Warfare	2
CJTF Planning & Execution	5
Electives Program	1-2
Total Credits:	36-37

Foundations (1 Credit Hour)

This course provides a foundation of essential tools, concepts, and approaches needed for graduate level study throughout the Academic Year (AY) at Command and Staff College. During the first two weeks of the AY, eight lessons will (1) establish a deeper understanding of the Profession of Arms and the field grade officer's role in the institution, (2) analyze ways of thought that are advantageous to both a graduate school students and military/inter-agency professionals, and (3) set conditions for further study across the various War Studies, Security Studies, Warfighting, and Leadership curricula.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze the global security environment and U.S. and adversary strategy, policy, and culture, identifying challenges to U.S. national interests and means of countering adversaries.
- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of cognition.
- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.
- Apply theories of planning, the Marine Corps Planning Process, and the Joint Planning Process, creating collaborative military solutions that employ Joint and Service capabilities in dynamic systems and uncertain environments.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.
- Analyze the role and obligations of military professionals through historical and contemporary civil-military contexts to reinforce US military ethics.
- Analyze culture, diversity, and change as factors that affect organizational performance and leadership.
- Apply leadership and communication approaches to inform, persuade, and promote collaboration toward advancing organizational objectives.

Leadership in the Profession of Arms I (2 Credit Hours)

This course develops students' ability to provide ethical and effective leadership to large organizations by expanding the study of professional ethics, morals, and decision making. Students will examine leadership theories and principles of organizational behavior, applied in a variety of contexts and operational environments, with a focus on leading change. Additionally, this course develops the student's ability to communicate in both written and oral form in a clear, concise, and professional manner.

Learning Outcomes:

- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of cognition.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.
- Analyze the role and obligations of military professionals through historical and contemporary civil-military contexts to reinforce US military ethics.
- Analyze culture, diversity, and change as factors that affect organizational performance and leadership.
- Analyze theories and practices that promote resilient leadership and ethical decision-making under conditions of crisis, complexity, and moral and physical stress.
- Analyze Law of War principles, military ethics, and human behavior as they affect operational effectiveness, and command climate, discipline, and cohesion.
- Apply leadership and communication approaches to inform, persuade, and promote collaboration toward advancing organizational objectives.

Rise of the Nation State & Great Power War (2 Credit Hours)

This course develops the student's ability to understand the enduring nature and changing character of war, the spectrum of conflict, and the practice of operational art by analyzing the theories and conduct of and context for war and conflict from the Early Modern era to 1945.

This is a seminar-based course that facilitates adult learning through active, student-centered learning and focuses on the primary themes of modernity, adaptation and innovation in war, great power competition, and total war. In doing so, the course explores how various theorists and practitioners, nations, and military establishments and services throughout the period applied and leveraged evolving theories by examining the evolution and practice of war. It examines, as well, the cultural, economic, socio-political, and technological driving forces and trends that affect and shape war, along with civil-military relations, the translation of policy to planning, and the operational art over time and place.

The military professional's study of history reinforces the intent of the CSC Mission Statement to "develop critical thinkers, innovative problem-solvers and ethical leaders," drawing upon the past to inform student decision-making for the present and future. Through the study of history, students will better understand connections between war and national policy, as well as the connection between the dynamics of change and the influence of culture on military operations.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze the enduring nature and changing character of competition, conflict, and war to develop a historically informed perspective on current and future military competition and conflict.
- Analyze the enduring nature and evolving character of military competition, conflict, and war, as a product of interrelated political, military, economic, social, and technological activities with inherent uncertainty and surprise.
- Analyze classic and recent theories of competition, conflict, and war.
- Evaluate the practice of strategy and operational art in history, and the linkages between strategy, campaigns, and tactics.
- Evaluate historical processes of innovation and adaptation by military organizations.

Evolution of an American Way of Modern War (2 Credit Hours)

This course develops the student's ability to understand the enduring nature and changing character of war, military innovation and adaptation, the spectrum of conflict, and the practice of operational art through an examination of the U.S. military experience from the end of World War I to the establishment of the All-Volunteer Force in the wake of the Vietnam War.

This is a seminar-based course that facilitates adult learning through active, student-centered learning and focuses on primary themes of modernity, adaptation and innovation in war, future war, great power competition, and total war. In doing so, the course explores how various theorists and practitioners, nations, and military establishments and services throughout the period applied and leveraged evolving theories by examining the evolution and practice of war. It examines, as well, the cultural, economic, socio-political, and technological driving forces and trends that affect and shape war, along with civil military relations, the translation of policy to planning, and the operational art over time and place.

The military professional's study of history reinforces the intent of the CSC Mission Statement to "develop critical thinkers, innovative problem-solvers and ethical leaders," drawing upon the past to inform student decision making for the present and future. Through the study of history, students will better understand connections between war and national policy, as well as the connection between the dynamics of change and the influence of culture on military operations.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze the enduring nature and evolving character of military competition, conflict, and war, as a product of interrelated political, military, economic, social, and technological activities with inherent uncertainty and surprise.
- Analyze classic and recent theories of competition, conflict, and war.
- Evaluate the practice of strategy and operational art in history, and the linkages between strategy, campaigns, and tactics.
- Evaluate historical processes of innovation and adaptation by military organizations.

National Security Affairs and the International System (2 Credit Hours)

In accordance with CSC's Mission Statement, National Security Affairs and the International System (NSAIS) will analyze the "complex and uncertain security environments" that CSC graduates will confront as "commanders and staff officers in service, joint, interagency, intergovernmental, and multinational organizations." Using historical and contemporary case studies, the course will explore the concept of security through various lenses with special attention given to the role of the United States in the global arena. NSAIS begins with an examination of the creation and development of the international system and basic theories of international relations. We then examine U.S. foreign policy, including how the United States prioritizes national interests; the national security process; the instruments of national power; and factors outside the Executive Branch that influence that process.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze the global security environment and U.S. and adversary strategy, policy, and culture, identifying challenges to U.S. national interests and means of countering adversaries.
- Analyze the contributions of all instruments of national power that affect the application of the military instrument within Joint, Interagency, Intergovernmental, and Multinational operations.
- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Analyze U.S. and adversary irregular warfare approaches.
- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.

Contemporary Strategic Competition (2 Credit Hours)

This course introduces students to the concept of great power competition, focusing on the pacing challenge of the People's Republic of China, the acute challenge of the Russian Federation, and the critical role played by regional allies and partners. Students will walk away with a better understanding of these adversaries and their strategy, policy, and culture.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze the global security environment and U.S. and adversary strategy, policy, and culture, identifying challenges to U.S. national interests and means of countering adversaries.
- Analyze the contributions of all instruments of national power that affect the application of the military instrument within joint, interagency, intergovernmental, and multinational operations.

- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Analyze U.S. and adversary irregular warfare approaches.
- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.

Warfighting Fundamentals (2 Credit Hours)

This course introduces the roles, missions, and capabilities of each U.S. service by the domains in which they operate. After having gained an understanding of U.S. forces, follow-on material covers the People's Republic of China (PRC) equivalent. Exposure to friendly and adversary capabilities enables students to compare the two in a way relevant to their service and experience. This course then bridges the gap between service components and combatant commands. In doing so, students are exposed to the command relationships and the authorities that coincide with their assignment. Lastly, this course culminates by introducing the Marine Corps Planning Process and practical application of planning in support of a Joint Forcible Entry Operation exercise – Pacific Challenge – A.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze current military and technological developments that may shape the character of future competition, conflict, and war.
- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Apply U.S. Marine Corps and Joint Force concepts, doctrine, and capabilities for deterrence, and traditional and irregular warfare within all-domain operating environments. 3.2 Understand adversary approaches and capabilities for contesting the achievement of U.S. and coalition objectives.
- Analyze command and control options for employing forces and the degree to which these
 options optimize Mission Command, tempo, and decision-making within all-domain
 operating environments.
- Analyze culture, diversity, and change as factors that affect organizational performance and leadership.

Joint Planning & Operations I (3 Credit Hours)

This course captures the breadth of functions at the Joint Force level. The course starts with an understanding of the Joint Strategic Planning System (JSPS) and how the Joint Force plans, develops, and designs as an organization within a system. It later introduces how we develop the capabilities to address the assessed future fights via a lesson and practical exercise titled Future War I. This course culminates with the second planning exercise within the CSC exercise continuum entitled PACIFIC CHALLENGE B. Within this exercise, students will reinforce outcomes achieved from module I, warfighting fundamentals, while integrating Joint Force understanding as a Marine Expeditionary Force (MEF) conducts offensive operations in a contested environment as part of a Joint Force.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze current military and technological developments that may shape the character of future competition, conflict, and war.
- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities

- development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Apply U.S. Marine Corps and Joint Force concepts, doctrine, and capabilities for deterrence, and traditional and irregular warfare within all-domain operating environments.
- Understand adversary approaches and capabilities for contesting the achievement of U.S. and coalition objectives.
- Analyze command and control options for employing forces and the degree to which these
 options optimize Mission Command, tempo, and decision-making within all-domain
 operating environments.
- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of recognition.
- Analyze culture, diversity, and change as factors that affect organizational performance and leadership.

Joint Planning & Operations II (2 Credit Hours)

This course introduces students to the Joint Planning Process and includes two CSC exercise continuum planning exercises. These two planning exercises are used to reinforce retention while enabling students to demonstrate their knowledge on each step of the planning process. The first of these two exercises is focused on a CJFLCC in support of Stability Operations where students will address competing actions associated with stability and irregular warfare. The second exercise is geared toward Foreign Humanitarian Assistance (FHA) and involves integrated planning with NGO and IGO representatives. In addition, and reinforced throughout this block, students are taught about the Women, Peace, and Security (WPS) program, its significance, and how Gender Advisors and Focal Points are leveraged to analyze and inform commanders on the significance of the environment specific to gender.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze current military and technological developments that may shape the character of future competition, conflict, and war.
- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Apply U.S. Marine Corps and Joint Force concepts, doctrine, and capabilities for deterrence, and traditional and irregular warfare within all-domain operating environments.
- Understand adversary approaches and capabilities for contesting the achievement of U.S. and coalition objectives.
- Analyze command and control options for employing forces and the degree to which these
 options optimize Mission Command, tempo, and decision-making within al-domain
 operating environments.
- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of cognition.
- Apply theories of planning, the Marine Corps Planning Process, and the Joint Planning Process, creating collaborative military solutions that employ Joint and Service capabilities in dynamic systems and uncertain environments.

Complex & Future Operations (2 Credit Hours)

This course teaches students on the intricacies of wargaming via the Operational Wargame System used at Marine Corps University. It integrates the previously used exercise continuum data into both an analog and digital format where students will plan at the operational level and via the wargame adjudication process and receive feedback on their plans. In addition, students are taught the significance of a battle rhythm that includes working groups and boards as part of a practical application. As result, this block reinforces previously taught information regarding both friendly

and adversary capabilities in competition within a familiar exercise design construct. This block of instruction concludes with the use of input from the entire academic year, students will be expected to lead discussions and answer questions about which technologies will have the most significant impact on future war.

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Apply U.S. Marine Corps and Joint Force concepts, doctrine, and capabilities for deterrence, and traditional and irregular warfare within all-domain operating environments.
- Understand adversary approaches and capabilities for contesting the achievement of U.S. and coalition objectives.
- Analyze command and control options for employing forces and the degree to which these
 options optimize Mission Command, tempo, and decision-making within al-domain
 operating environments.
- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of cognition.
- Apply theories of planning, the Marine Corps Planning Process, and the Joint Planning Process, creating collaborative military solutions that employ Joint and Service capabilities in dynamic systems and uncertain environments.
- Analyze culture, diversity, and change as factors that affect organizational performance and leadership.
- Apply leadership and communications approaches to inform, persuade, and promote collaboration toward advancing organizational objectives.

Master of Military Studies I (1 Credit Hour)

Offered in the fall semester, this course is the first half of the coursework aligned with the Command and Staff College (CSC) Master of Military Studies (MMS) program. It is designed to develop research and writing skills. In order to earn the MMS degree, students need to successfully complete the Master of Military Studies I course, the Master of Military Studies II course offered in the spring semester, and submit a final research essay (approximately 5000 words) no later than 25 April 2025 that is deemed acceptable by the primary mentor and the second reader.

In this course, students will choose their topic, identify a faculty mentor, and begin the process of analyzing resources as they shape their thesis and organize their argument. Upon completion of this course, the sources acquired, and outline created will provide the foundation for the writing process within the subsequent Master of Military Studies II course.

Learning Outcomes:

- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.

Master of Military Studies II (2 Credit Hours)

This course is the second half of the coursework aligned with the Command and Staff College (CSC) Master of Military Studies (MMS) program. It is designed to develop research and writing skills. To earn the MMS degree, students need to successfully complete the Master of Military Studies I course, the Master of Military Studies II course, and submit a final research essay (approximately 5000 programs).

words) no later than 25 April 2025 that is deemed acceptable by the primary mentor and the second reader

In this course, students will author their Initial Drafts and continue to work with their mentors on revising their products to submit to a second reader from the faculty for further revision. After a consultation with both faculty members, the student will submit a Final Draft and need to receive a grade of above 83% to meet the necessary requirements for the MMS degree.

Learning Outcomes:

- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.

Leadership in the Profession of Arms II (3 Credit Hours)

This course develops the student's ability to lead and influence with and without direct authority. It does so by analyzing how to influence human behavior, command climate, and organizational culture as they relate to the performance and ethical conduct of organizations. Additionally, this course studies techniques for persuading and informing others through strategic communication, negotiations, and media engagement. Further, this course continues to develop the student's ability to communicate, both in the written form and orally, in a clear, concise, and professional manner.

Learning Outcomes:

- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of cognition.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.
- Analyze the role and obligations of military professionals through historical and contemporary civil-military contexts to reinforce US military ethics.
- Analyze theories and practices that promote resilient leadership and ethical decision-making under conditions of crisis, complexity, and moral and physical stress.
- Analyze Law of War principles, military ethics, and human behavior as they affect operational effectiveness, and command climate, discipline, and cohesion.
- Apply leadership and communication approaches to inform, persuade, and promote collaboration toward advancing organizational objectives.

Origins of the Contemporary Strategic Competition (2 Credit Hours)

This course develops the student's ability to understand the enduring nature and changing character of war, the evolution of competition and conflict, the theories and conduct of war through the study of the history and evolution of the PLA, and the U.S. military and the conduct of war since 1973. To do so, it focuses on primary themes of irregular warfare, the spectrum of conflict, large-scale combat operations, technology, adaptation and innovation in war, and future war. The course explores the cultural, economic, socio-political, and technological driving forces and trends that affect and shape war, along with civil-military relations, and the translation of policy to planning within their historical and contemporary contexts.

Learning Outcomes:

• Analyze the enduring nature and evolving character of military competition, conflict, and war as a product of interrelated political, military, economic, social, and technological

- activities with inherent uncertainty and surprise.
- Analyze classic and recent theories of competition, conflict, and war.
- Evaluate the practice of strategy and operational art in history, and the linkages between strategy, campaigns, and tactics.
- Evaluate historical processes of innovation and adaptation by military organizations.
- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.
- Create well-organized, clear, and concise oral communications and written products in formats appropriate to their audience and purpose.

Persistent Threats and Irregular Warfare (2 Credit Hours)

This course explores competition and conflict below the great power threshold. A particular focus will be given to the Islamic Republic of Iran, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, violent extremist organizations, as well as the challenges to security posed by pandemics and climate change. The course will also explore the struggle between state and/or non-state actors to influence populations and the legitimacy of state and non-state actors, including causes of conflict intervention, and conflict termination. Students will walk away able to analyze U.S. and adversary strategy, policy, and culture within these environments as well as U.S. and adversary irregular warfare approaches.

Learning Outcomes:

- Analyze the global security environment and U.S. and adversary strategy, policy, and culture, identifying challenges to U.S. national interests and means of countering adversaries.
- Analyze the contributions of all instruments of national power that affect the application of the military instrument within joint, interagency, intergovernmental, and multinational operations.
- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Analyze U.S. and adversary irregular warfare approaches.
- Apply appropriate research methods to inform analysis and to evaluate the data, assumptions, and logic that underlie analysis.

CJTF Planning and Execution (5 Credit Hours)

This course serves as the capstone planning exercise for the academic year. Through employment of the Joint Planning Process (JPP), PC-X is designed to utilize all the skills students learned throughout the AY and provide them the ability to 'fight their plans' against a thinking enemy within a time-constrained and ambiguous operational environment. One of the most challenging aspects of PC X is the leadership of a large organization of planners and staff. Student Operational Planning Team (OPT) Leaders must understand the structure and resources their peers provide at Combined Joint Task Force-Indolaysia (CJTF-IL, aka Blue), Joint Area Command-West (JAC-W, aka Red), and subordinate components levels of command. Failure to do so means parts of their organization will be underutilized while others are overburdened. The coordination and timing required for planning at different echelons will challenge the students. To achieve their ends, students will conduct high operational-level iterative, integrated, and concurrent planning in a joint and combined context based on a fictitious scenario set in Southeast Asia. The Red force with near-peer capabilities is composed of a Corps/Divisional Infantry with a Marine Brigade, robust Navy and Air Forces, Commando Units, a fully intact anti-access/area denial system, long-range rocket capability, and the integrated air and sea defenses of IL's JAC-W Regional Command. These units operate on and in the vicinity of the

island of Sumatra. Students will need to incorporate lessons from across the curriculum to address this problem set in an all-domain operating environment. Although still in the same continuum as previous exercises this is a completely different problem set and force list.

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the processes of U.S. national security decision-making, joint capabilities development, and military strategy as factors that influence campaign planning.
- Apply U.S. Marine Corps and Joint Force concepts, doctrine, and capabilities for deterrence, and traditional and irregular warfare within all-domain operating environments.
- Understand adversary approaches and capabilities for contesting the achievement of U.S. and coalition objectives.
- Analyze command and control options for employing forces and the degree to which these
 options optimize mission command, tempo, and decision-making within all-domain
 operating environments.
- Apply theories of planning, the Marine Corps Planning Process, and the Joint Planning Process, creating collaborative military solutions that employ Joint and Service capabilities in dynamic systems and uncertain environments.
- Apply critical and creative thinking informed by theories, models, and tools of cognition.
- Analyze culture, diversity, and change as factors that affect organizational performance and leadership.
- Apply leadership and communication approaches to inform, persuade, and promote collaboration toward advancing organizational objectives.

CSC Electives Program (1-2 Credit Hours)

To complement the core curriculum, students are also required to take two elective courses. (Note: IMS students who are not in the MMS Program are required to only take one elective.) The College's Electives Program is an integral part of the curriculum where students are able to exercise the freedom of choice and take courses that augment research efforts for their master's paper or take a course that hits upon a specific area of interest. The array of elective topics enables students to target specific intellectual interests and choose from a wide variety of topics. Electives are taught by assigned CSC faculty, Marine Corps University chaired professors, and adjunct faculty that offer curricula that aligns with the CSC academic mission. In keeping with the College's rigorous academic standards, all electives are seminar- based and taught at the graduate level. A complete list of all AY25 CSC Electives can be found on page 54.

Gray Scholars Program (2 Credit Hours)

Select students may apply for the Gray Scholar's Program (GSP). The program is a collection of academic lines of inquiry organized an individual course led by CSC faculty that provides an opportunity for competitively selected students to challenge assumptions about war, strategy operations, history, policy, and international and domestic politics. Based on the design of individual course curriculum, students learn through seminars, group work, student-led teaching, gaming, and other teaching methodologies. Each course engages students with historical and contemporary challenges, encouraging them to use current scholarship from the social sciences and history.

Admission Policy

Admission to the Marine Corps CSC is based on allocations granted by the Commandant of the Marine Corps. The CSC Admissions Policy supports the mission and purpose of the College and reflects the needs of the United States Marine Corps and the educational criteria of the Chairman of the Joint

Chiefs of Staff's Officer Professional Military Education Policy. The CSC student body consists of three distinct student populations: U.S. Marine/Joint military officers, international military officers, and Federal Government civilian employees. Invitation, nomination, and admission to the College vary by student type: U.S. military officers are admitted through their services' selection assignment processes; international officers and Federal Government civilian employees are admitted through an invitational nomination/approval process.

Student nominations for the CSC are processed as follows:

- U.S. military student nominations are processed by the responsible military manpower department which screens all eligible officers in accordance with their regulations for intermediate-level school selection. They must provide CSC with a roster of officers' names by 1 March for the succeeding academic year which begins in July or August.
- Foreign military student nominations are provided by those countries invited to participate in a professional military officer education exchange program sponsored by the Department of Defense. This program includes not only attendance at CSC, but also participation in an American Culture Field Studies Program for which special lectures, trips, and social activities are scheduled throughout the academic year.
- Civilian, U.S. Federal Government employee nominations are to be processed by the
 nominating agency's professional development office. Invitations to submit nominees are
 forwarded to agencies/departments by the MCU Registrar. Final review/approval is reserved
 for the Director, CSC, for final review and approval. Nomination letters must be received by
 1 April for the succeeding academic year. Note: Civilian agencies are responsible for any and
 all expenses associated with any special needs for their personnel attending CSC.

Admission Requirements

General admission requirements for the CSC include:

- Grade: O-4 (Major/LCDR) for military officers; GS/GM-12/13 for Federal Government civilian employees.
- Security Clearance: U.S. applicants require a Secret clearance that will not expire during the academic year.
- Undergraduate degree: All U.S. officers and civilians must have a regionally or nationally accredited undergraduate degree (United States bachelor's degree or its equivalent).
- Ability to rapidly comprehend and analyze large amounts of reading and contribute effectively during graduate-level, competitive seminars led by a variety of professors and military faculty.
- A career record that demonstrates proven leadership and management successes with a potential to serve in future positions of increased responsibility.
- Marine Corps officers must meet O-3 PME requirements as identified in the USMC PME Order (MCO P1553.4A).
- Federal Government civilian employees are required to have an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university and operational experience that will enhance the educational interaction between military and interagency students (operational experience includes intelligence or security related positions at overseas posts, national or international intelligence or law enforcement positions, or agency liaison officer positions serving with U.S. or international military organizations).
- International Military Officers must meet English proficiency requirements with a minimum score of 83 on the Defense Language Institute's English Comprehension Level (ECL) test.

Physical and Skill Requirements

The CSC curriculum is dynamic and interactive. Students are required to travel and actively participate in various educational forums. Specific physical and skill requirements are as follows:

- Small-group interaction in wargame scenarios and practical application exercises, which requires individual and group military planning, map reading, and briefing skills.
- Must meet the physical fitness and height/weight requirements for their respective military service or Federal Government agency.
- Active participation in battlefield staff rides, which includes walking, hiking, and analyzing the battlefield's terrain, role-playing, and conducting on-site, oral briefs.
- Nominees with special medical needs are advised that medical care may not be available while traveling or conducting battlefield staff rides at remote and overseas locations. This should be considered prior to nomination.

Student Evaluation

The aim of all evaluations is to determine whether a student has achieved the Learning Outcomes associated with each course of instruction. All evaluations require a practical application solution or a narrative/essay response. In some cases, oral briefings are used to amplify/defend the student's solution/answer.

Faculty Advisor Teams will evaluate all graded requirements and assign a grade (A, B, or C) in accordance with the criteria defined in the CSC policy letters. Students are evaluated based on their seminar participation, essays, in-class exams, oral communication skills, and practical applications in planning exercises and staff rides. A mid-year assessment is an essay examination administered as an at-home open-book effort towards the end of the Fall semester. It allows the faculty to evaluate each student's understanding of fundamental concepts in order to identify those students who require additional mentoring to succeed in the remainder of the core curriculum.

As a graduate-level institution, it is the policy of the CSC that a grade below B constitutes unacceptable performance and requires remediation. Remediation is the responsibility of the officer, with the Course Director and Faculty Advisor Team assisting throughout the remediation process.

Student Body

School seats are based on allocations granted by the Commandant of the Marine Corps which support the mission/purpose of the College and reflect the requirements of the United States Marine Corps; the joint/multinational education criteria for other U. S. military students; the Department of Defense and Department of State agreements on foreign military student education exchange programs; and interagency agreements with other Federal Government agencies. Quotas for admission to the CSC are distributed as follows:

U.S. Marine Corps and Marine Corps Active Duty Officers	92
U.S. Marine Corps and Marine Corps Reserve Officers	7
U.S. Navy and Navy Reserve Officers	14
U.S. Army and Army Reserve Officers	20
U.S. Air Force, Air Force Reserve and Air National Guard Officers	17
U.S. Space Force	3
U.S. Coast Guard Officers	1
International Military Officers	38
Civilians, U.S. Federal Government	10
TOTAL	202

Direct all inquiries to:

Command and Staff College Marine Corps University Warner Hall, 2d Deck, 2044 South St, VA 22134

Phone: (703) 784-1069 (Operations), or (703) 784-1120 (Admin Office) https://www.usmcu.edu/Colleges-and-Schools/Command-and-Staff-College/

Mission



Expeditionary Warfare School educates and trains company grade officers in order to prepare them mentally, morally, and physically for billets of increased leadership responsibility across the Fleet Marine Force and the Joint Force, with emphasis on the warfighting capabilities of a Marine Air Ground Task Force operating within a complex and distributed Naval expeditionary environment.

Educational Philosophy

Expeditionary Warfare School delivers its curriculum in a post-graduate setting, where our students bring as much to the learning environment as our faculty. The method of delivery is primarily conference group discussion and presumes a degree of individual due diligence and an informed position prior to engagement. The onus is on the student to invest intellectual humility, curiosity, and time in bringing an informed perspective to the discussion. The curriculum challenges students to think critically as Marine Air-Ground Task Force (MAGTF) staff officers by providing them with a firm doctrinal foundation, augmented with the exchange of practical experiences, and reinforced with extensive practical application and numerous planning exercises. Most of the learning occurs within a conference group setting, which consists of approximately 16 captains of various military occupational specialties (MOS), joint military services, and partners and allies. Each conference group is mentored by an experienced major, who serves as the Faculty Advisor (FACAD). Throughout the academic year, the FACAD models tactical, technical, and professional MAGTF officer skills; mentors and guides students; facilitates conference group discussion; and assesses student performance.

Program Outcomes

EWS graduates will be able to:

- **LEAD** with the Marine Corps' Core Values and ethical standards expected of commissioned officers.
- **FIGHT** with a Maneuver Warfare Mindset.
- **EMPLOY** a MAGTF in a naval expeditionary environment.
- **DEMONSTRATE** MOS credibility.

Curriculum

EWS's curriculum consists of:	
Armed Forces Officer Course	4
Military Adaptation and Innovation	3
USMC Doctrine Course	2
USMC Planning Course	5
MAGTF Operations Ashore	8
MAGTF Operations Afloat	9
Occupational Field Expansion Course	6
Total Credits:	37

The EWS SLOs are grouped by the Program Outcomes they primarily support and are introduced, reinforced, and assessed during seven EWS core courses: Armed Forces Officer Course, Military

Adaptation and Innovation, USMC Doctrine, USMC Planning, MAGTF Operations Ashore, MAGTF Operations Afloat, and the Occupational Field Expansion Course (OFEC).

Armed Forces Officer Course (4 Credit Hours)

The Armed Forces Officer (AFO) course analyzes the officer corps' role in the profession of arms via The Armed Forces Officer (2017) book and consists of three subcourses. The Officership subcourse focuses on the "practice of being professional officers and leaders" (Swain and Pierce 2017, 31). The Professional Communication subcourse develops and refines student skills in thinking, listening, oral, and written communication through the application of critical thought, logic, reasoning, research, and synthesis. Finally, the Total Force Fitness subcourse reinforces the physical, emotional, and spiritual wellness of individuals and organizations. Students are assessed via seminars, writing assignments, a group research project, and various physical activities throughout the curriculum. Additionally, students can apply for the Research Fellowship Program, a strenuous project that allows select students to explore areas of student passion within the broader context of the Profession of Arms.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Demonstrate officership to enable professionalism and leadership.
- Apply skills to assess and cultivate effective command climates and organizational cultures.
- Develop effective professional communication.
- Understand the skills necessary to assess and develop personal and organizational fitness.
- Apply critical and innovative thinking skills to make effective decisions in competitive environments.

Military Adaptation and Innovation Course (3 Credit Hours)

The Military Adaptation and Innovation course prepares students to solve problems in future wars. The Character of War is constantly changing—how our nations need to fight wars may very well change by the time this class graduates in May. New technologies, doctrines, and threats require constant adaptation and innovation by our nations' militaries to win in the next war. As military leaders, students must understand that they are responsible for leading their formations—down and up the chain of command—through these changes. This course empowers students for this challenge.

The Military Adaptation and Innovation Course has three sub-courses:

- **EF5100: Historical Studies** This sub-course examines the past to develop insights for future conflicts. The sub-course exposes students to various education methodologies to develop their military judgment, derive lessons from past battles, and understand how the Nature of War affects decision making.
- EF5200: Global Security Environment This sub-course introduces students to the problems today's military must solve. Subject matter experts from the academic and intelligence communities will describe how the Character of War is changing.
- EF5300: Innovation and Future War This sub-course exposes students to emerging concepts that offer solutions to modern military professionals' problems. The school will host guest speakers developing the concepts that will shape military operations leading into the next war. Students create a research prospectus to leave EWS with an executable idea in the Interwar Period.

Student Learning Outcomes:

• Examine the historical development of the Marine Corps as part of the naval force.

- Demonstrate ethical leadership and decision making.
- Apply critical and innovative thinking skills to make effective decisions in competitive environments.
- Understand the role of tactical actions in strategic environments throughout the conflict continuum.
- Use historical studies to explain the current context and inform the future application of combat power.
- Examine the concepts, considerations, and challenges of expeditionary advance based operations and littoral operations in contested environments.

USMC Doctrine Course (2 Credit Hours)

The United States Marine Corps (USMC) Doctrine course develops and enhances understanding of the USMC's maneuver warfare philosophy. The course enables student demonstration and application of core maneuver warfare concepts. It begins with an exploration of the background and origins of maneuver warfare and continues with a critical analysis of fundamental USMC warfighting concepts. The USMC Doctrine course concludes with application of core maneuver warfare concepts through practical exercises and an assessment. The course establishes a foundation for the rest of the academic year but is specifically geared to prepare students for the USMC Planning course.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Develop effective professional communication.
- Describe the nature and theories of war and their relationships to maneuver warfare philosophy.
- Apply critical and innovative thinking skills to make effective decisions in a competitive environment.
- Understand the role of tactical actions in strategic environments throughout the conflict continuum.
- Use historical studies to explain current context and inform future application of combat power.
- Apply the MCPP and Marine Corps doctrine to develop a combined arms, multi-domain tactical plan for a land-based MAGTF.

USMC Planning Course (5 Credit Hours)

The USMC Planning course focuses on understanding the nature and theory of planning contained in MCDP 5 *Planning*. Students further their understanding through the application of the Marine Corps Planning Process (MCPP) in the context of a tactical scenario. Faculty Advisors (FACADs) guide students through introductory seminars, the Intelligence Preparation of the Battlespace (IPB), and the six steps of MCPP. Throughout this course, FACADs assess student knowledge of key concepts and linkages through group contributions and planning reflections. These planning reflections are seminars where the students provide feedback to the group and assess their understanding of MCPP. A computer-based decision-making exercise (DMX) reinforces the student's learning prior to the assessment. The practical exercise, DMX, and reflection seminars culminate with an individual comprehensive assessment that uses MCPP as the vehicle to test the application of Marine Corps Doctrine within the context of a detailed tactical scenario based on peer adversary capabilities and doctrine. Students will then execute a hasty planning exercise that leverages their foundational knowledge of MCPP. The group evaluated scenarios force students to employ planning fundamentals against unfamiliar tactical scenarios within a time competitive environment.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Develop effective professional communication.
- Apply critical and innovative thinking skills to make effective decisions in competitive environments.
- Integrate the warfighting function capabilities of a combined arms Marine Air Ground Task Force (MAGTF)
- Apply the Marine Corps Planning Process (MCPP) and Marine Corps doctrine to develop a combined arms, multi-domain tactical plan for a land-based MAGTF.

MAGTF Operations Ashore Course (8 Credit Hours)

The MAGTF Operations Ashore course enables students to apply doctrinal concepts to different elements of the MAGTF. Students will understand how MAGTF works together and synergizes across warfighting functions in a way that enables how the Marine Corps fights, using maneuver warfare. The course builds on the foundations established in the Doctrine and Planning Courses and leverages student specialties that are refined during the Fall OFEC period. Completion of this course prepares students to engage in more complex sea based MAGTF planning during the MAGTF Operations Afloat Course. Course outcomes and educational objectives are accomplished through a mix of formal lectures, seminar discussions, and significant time dedicated to application during practical exercises.

Following several introductory lectures, students rotate through four, five-day rotational subcourses as conference groups. Command and Control (C2) and Information are layered over these four rotations as well in the competitive practical exercises:

- 1. Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR)
- 2. MAGTF Fires
- 3. Logistics
- 4. Aviation

Following the rotational sub-courses, students rotate through two culminating, eight-day, competitive practical exercises:

- 1. MAGTF in the Offense
- 2. MAGTF in the Defense

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Develop effective professional communication.
- Apply critical and innovative thinking skills to make effective decisions in competitive environments.
- Integrate the warfighting function capabilities of a combined arms MAGTF.
- Apply the MCPP and Marine Corps doctrine to develop a combined arms, multi-domain tactical plan for a land-based MAGTF.
- Understand how the MAGTF integrates into combatant commands and joint task forces.

MAGTF Operations Afloat Course (9 Credit Hours)

The MAGTF Operations Afloat course examines MAGTF operations at sea, from the sea, and ashore. The course provides exposure to the diverse naval expeditionary environment. By the end of the course, students are expected to:

- Understand the expeditionary naval environment, naval operations, and naval campaigns, emphasizing the littorals.
- Understand the Marine Corps' role in supporting naval operations and the complexities of

- enabling joint operations.
- Understand the capabilities of the Amphibious Ready Group / Marine Expeditionary Unit (ARG/MEU)
- Apply Navy and Marine Corps doctrine and concepts, maneuver warfare philosophy, and the Marine Corps Planning Process to solve complex problems in contested maritime terrain while understanding adversary capabilities.

The MAGTF Operations Afloat course includes four sub-courses: Maritime Expeditionary Environment, Littoral Operations and Concepts, Amphibious Operations, and Amphibious Planning Exercises.

- EA4000: Maritime Expeditionary Environment (MEE) This sub-course focuses on the expeditionary naval environment, naval operations, and naval campaigns emphasizing the littorals and other contested maritime spaces. It examines the theoretical and historical foundations that inform our understanding of current challenges and emerging threats in the maritime domain. Additionally, the sub-course examines the role of amphibious operations in a naval campaign and examines how the Navy approaches the Expeditionary Warfare School Marine Corps University EA4000CAS-2 maritime battlespace in the littorals. The required reading of *Fleet Tactics* and *Naval Operations*, 3d Ed heavily influences this sub-course. MEE also introduces naval organizations and capabilities employed during expeditionary operations afloat. The sub-course concludes with a timed writing assessment.
- EA4100: Amphibious Doctrine and Fundamentals (ADF) This sub-course focuses on joint amphibious doctrine and the fundamental concepts of amphibious operations. The sub-course examines the command-and-control relationship of the Navy and Marine Corps executing amphibious operations through a demonstration. ADF examines current and developing maritime concepts emphasizing the Distributed Maritime Operations family of Navy/Marine Corps concepts. It includes a student engagement with Expeditionary Warfare (OPNAV N95). The sub-course concludes with a timed writing assessment.
- EA4200: The Amphibious Ready Group (ARG)/Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU) This sub-course focuses on practitioner-level planning and skills specific to the ARG/MEU. It includes detailed examination and practical applications for landing beach selection and embarkation considerations for developing a landing force landing plan from ARG shipping. The sub-course includes a student engagement with a previous ARG Commodore and MEU Commanding Officer.
- EA4300: Amphibious Planning Exercises This sub-course provides students opportunities to apply the Marine Corps Planning Process against ARG/MEU operations across the spectrum of conflict. Planning exercises enable students to develop an Intelligence Preparation of the Battlespace estimate for ARG/MEU contingency operations. Students conduct deliberate planning of a non-combatant evacuation (NEO), amphibious assault, and coastal defense. Students execute a force-on-force decision-making exercise during an Amphibious Wargame. This sub-course introduces and provides a practical application of the Rapid Response Planning Process.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Examine the historical development of the Marine Corps as part of the naval force.
- Develop effective professional communication.
- Apply critical and innovative thinking skills to make effective decisions in competitive environments.

- Understand the role of tactical actions in strategic environments throughout the conflict continuum.
- Integrate the warfighting function capabilities of a combined arms Marine Air Ground Task Force (MAGTF).
- Apply the Marine Corps Planning Process (MCPP) and Marine Corps doctrine to develop a combined arms, multi-domain tactical plan for a land-based MAGTF.
- Understand how the MAGTF integrates into combatant commands and joint task forces.
- Examine the concepts, considerations, and challenges of expeditionary advance based operations and littoral operations in contested environments.
- Describe the organization, command and control, and capabilities of an amphibious task force and other naval capabilities in support of naval expeditionary operations.
- Apply naval and joint doctrine to develop a combined arms, multi-domain tactical plan for a sea-based MAGTF.

Occupational Field Expansion Course (OFEC) (6 credit hours)

Specialized military occupational specialty (MOS) or occupational field training known as OFEC make EWS unique in the Officer PME continuum. As a career-level school, EWS is tasked with educating and training the students at the tactical level. Unlike the schools an officer attends later in the Officer PME continuum, MOS training is included as part of the EWS Curriculum. This course reinforces the education delivered during the remainder of the curriculum and is intended to enhance the students' ability to blend military art (education) with military science (training) to increase their proficiency as MAGTF Officers.

The EWS students and faculty are assigned to an OFEC sub-course based on their military occupational specialty. This group will last the entirety of the academic year but may interact with other OFECs when there is mutually beneficial training. The conduct of the OFEC is divided into a one-week fall session and a three-week spring session. The fall OFEC period is three days long and focuses on refreshing and expanding the students' knowledge within their individual MOS. This training period is vital as many of the students arrive at EWS from a non-operational tour with atrophied MOS skills. The Fall OFEC prepares students to think critically about how their MOS contributes to the MAGTF and to act as functional and element planners in later curricular exercises. The Spring OFEC is three weeks long and further develops the students' MOS proficiency as they prepare to re-enter the Fleet Marine Force, joint force, or their home nation military and assume greater responsibilities.

Each group of MOSs follows a different OFEC curriculum tailored for that group. Various groups travel to military bases and stations across the country to attend existing courses offered by other Marine Corps or service schools or to take advantage of training facilities available to support field or simulation training. In each case, the students spend an average of at least 30 hours per week engaged in classroom instruction, participating in discussions, or engaged in some form of practical application or planning exercise. An average of 60 hours of classroom instruction/discussion and 60 hours of some form of practical application/planning exercise determines a fair average for determining credit hours.

Student Learning Outcomes:

- Apply skills to assess and cultivate effective command climates and organizational cultures.
- Demonstrate tactical occupational field proficiency.
- Understand occupational field requirements for continued professional education, career progression, and personal development.

International Military Student Program

Each year, the EWS student body includes approximately twenty international military student (IMS) officers. In addition to the academic curriculum, international students participate in the Marine Corps Field Studies Program (FSP). The FSP is designed to familiarize the IMS with the responsibilities of governments, militaries, and citizens to protect, preserve, and respect the rights of every individual. The FSP is also specifically designed to provide the IMS with awareness and functional understanding of internationally recognized human rights standards and the American democratic way of life. A two-week orientation course, which is not part of the academic program, precedes the resident EWS course and includes an English language component. Each IMS gives a presentation on his or her home country as part of the curriculum.

Admission Policy

The EWS Admissions Policy supports the mission and purpose of EWS and reflects the needs of the U.S. Marine Corps and the educational criteria of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff's Officer Professional Military Education Policy appropriate for company grade officers. Invitation, nomination, and admission to the school vary by student. U.S. military officers are admitted through their services' selection/assignment processes and international officers are admitted through an invitational nomination/approval process.

Assessment Policy

The Expeditionary Warfare School evaluates student performance through both objective and subjective means. The institution's assessment program serves two purposes: It evaluates the student's understanding of the material presented and it provides information relative to the effectiveness and quality of the EWS educational experience.

Student Assessment

Faculty individually assess each learning objective using standardized rubrics and standardized application of various assessment instruments. FACAD use the results of evaluations to regularly counsel students on their progress and provide remedial instruction if required.

Standard Assessment Instruments

Student performance is evaluated on a 100-point system. A minimum score of 80 percent is required to graduate. A standardized rubric is used for each type of assessment.

- <u>Communication Program.</u> FACADs evaluate students for their ability to express themselves effectively both orally and in writing and evaluate student communication in terms of content, critical thinking, organization, format, and delivery.
- Marked Requirements. There are various marked requirements throughout the academic year. They consist of assignments requiring narrative and written answers or a graphic portrayal of solutions on worksheets, maps, and overlays or combination of all of these.
 Planning Exercises, Capstone Exercises, Formal Briefings and Discussion Participation. Assessment of student performance is based on the judgment of the FACAD or designated evaluator who provides the student with a narrative summary of observations using the appropriate rubric. These assessments are made based on a student's contribution as a seminar member, performance in OFEC training, planning exercises, capstone exercises, staff rides, battle studies, war games, and simulations.

Unsatisfactory Grades

Students will remediate any assignment where they fail to achieve the minimum 80 percent. The remediation of a student who fails in a particular subject area is the responsibility of the FACAD. The FACAD ensures that appropriate remedial instruction, direction, and guidance are provided. Remediation is to ensure student comprehension; the student's grade reflects the outcome of the remediation but does not change to more than 80 percent.

Fitness Reports

In accordance with the current edition of MCO P1610.7, FACADs prepare observed academic fitness reports on all USMC students at the end of the school year. Reports on other service students are submitted on the forms required by their respective services. In the case of international military students, FACADs prepare a report of successful completion of the course for transmission to each student's country.

Student Body

Students are captains or other service equivalents. Selection to EWS is based upon careful screening of an individual's record by their manpower assignment departments. School seat quotas are based on allocations granted by the Commandant of the Marine Corps, the joint/multinational education criteria of the Officer Professional Military Education Policy Document for other U. S. military students, and the Department of Defense and Department of State agreements on foreign military student education exchange programs.

Desired seats allocation for admission to the EWS are currently distributed as follows (numbers are approximate):

TOTAL	~255
International Military Officers	20
U.S. Space Force Officers	1
U.S. Air Force Officers	15
U.S. Army Officers	23
U.S. Navy Officers	16
U.S. Marine Corps Officers	180

Direct all inquiries to:

Expeditionary Warfare School Marine Corps University 2077 Geiger Road Quantico, Virginia 22134-5068

Phone: (703) 784-1864 (Administrative Office)

FAX: (703) 784-2582 https://www.usmcu.edu/EWS/

Mission



The College of Enlisted Military Education in concert with the Marine Corps Senior Enlisted Academy provides a continuum of education to improve leadership, sharpen critical and creative thinking skills, and deepen Marine's understanding of warfighting concepts in distributed/joint environments in order to foster ethical, professional leaders who make sound decisions in complex operational situations.

Courses and Program Outcomes

Leading Marines Leadership and Ethics Seminar

Required for Lance Corporals. Graduates will be able to serve as principled warriors, educated in warfighting doctrine, Marine Corps ethos, organizational roles and responsibilities, and the foundations of Marine Corps leadership. The command-sponsored five-day seminar is produced by the College of Enlisted Military Education and led by units at the local level.

Corporals Course

Like the Lance Corporals Leadership and Ethics Seminar, the Corporals Course was developed by the Enlisted College, but is taught by units locally. Corporals are required to complete either the command sponsored course or the distance education program course for promotion to sergeant. Graduates will be able to:

- Serve as ethical leaders, educated in the foundations of Marine Corps leadership and the Marine Corps ethos who comprehend the difference between ethical decision-making based on organizational values and situational ethics.
- Serve as professional warfighters, educated in the nature of war, organizational
- roles and responsibilities, who comprehend the basic structure of the U.S. defense department.
- Serve as sound decision makers, educated in diverse decision-making processes which promote and support organizational values and leadership philosophies within the profession of arms. The Corporals Course has a 15-day academic schedule.

Sergeants School

The Sergeants School develops students' ability to think critically, solve problems, and communicate effectively as a leader of Marines. During the 25 academic-day schedule, faculty advisors develop students' cognitive abilities, academic and professional research skills, and written and oral communication skills. Additionally, this school introduces fundamental concepts for analyzing problems.

The Sergeants School facilitates this growth by allowing students to initiate the learning process through interactive seminars, Socratic seminars, and practical applications. Each student is encouraged to bring their own interpretations and energies to the product of which is a creative mind.

Instruction places emphasis on leadership development, warfighting, sustaining the transformation, and communication skills necessary to lead Marines. It builds upon knowledge gained in the Distance Education Program. Graduates of the Sergeants School will leave with enhanced knowledge to think more critically and make decisions to successfully act as small unit leaders and professional warfighters. Students will be able to argue, defend, sway, and persuade others using critical and creative thinking skills that have been enhanced during the school. Marines will be required to

communicate effectively and translate doctrinal concepts and ideas into feasible, suitable, acceptable, and easily understood orders. The Sergeants School curriculum is designed to provide an environment where students can mature professionally and intellectually. It is a college-level educational environment with appropriate rigor and teaching methodologies. The curriculum is composed of the following courses: Communication, Warfighting Philosophy, Sustaining the Transformation, and Leadership Philosophy. The students of the Sergeants School will participate in the Marine Corps Physical Fitness Program in accordance with MCO P6100.14.

Career School

The Career School builds upon the Sergeants School curriculum to further develop students' ability to think critically, solve problems, and communicate effectively as leaders of Marines. It does so by developing cognitive abilities, academic and professional research skills, and written and oral communication skills. Additionally, the school, which is 33 academic days in length, reinforces the skills they have learned to analyze problems and provide sound courses of action.

The Career School facilitates this growth by allowing students to be part of the learning process through interactive seminars, Socratic seminars, and practical applications. Students are encouraged to share their experiences and lessons learned with their peers to expand everyone's mindsets.

Instruction places emphasis on leadership development, warfighting, Profession of Arms, and communication skills necessary to lead Marines. The Career School curriculum is designed to provide an environment where students can mature professionally and intellectually. It is a college-level educational environment with appropriate rigor and teaching methodologies. The curriculum is composed of the following courses: Communications, Warfighting Philosophy, Profession of Arms, and Leadership Philosophy. The school culminates with a Capstone project in which students analyze a difficult problem and offer a course of action in the form of a paper, presentation, and an oral defense of their work.

The students of the Career School will conduct physical training in accordance with MCO P6100.14.

Advanced School

The Advanced School provides Marine Corps Gunnery Sergeants and Gunnery Sergeant selects with the knowledge and skills necessary to assume leadership roles of greater responsibility.

Instruction places emphasis on leadership development and warfighting skills necessary to lead Marines in combat and builds upon the knowledge gained in the distance education program. Graduates of the Advanced School will have enhanced knowledge and skills necessary to act in senior enlisted billets at the company and battalion level. They will be able to evaluate and develop the unit physical readiness program, conduct briefs, and coordinate a unit's training requirements. They will be able to advise senior and junior Marines in matters of personal administration, stress management, the performance evaluation system, and financial planning. They will be knowledgeable in those contemporary issues facing the Corps and will be capable of evaluating a unit's readiness and recommending corrective action. Graduates of the school, which lasts 33 academic days, will be capable of communicating with the skills necessary to write and edit a variety of documents.

In Warfighting, Advanced School graduates will have the knowledge and skills necessary to effectively apply the fundamentals of Warfighting tactics in offensive and defensive operations at the company and battalion level. They will be able to function as a staff member of a battalion operations center, request close air support, and develop a casualty evacuation plan. Additionally, they will be

able to advise commanders on operating in Military Operations Other Than War, Operations in Urban Terrain, rear area environments, and in planning combat service support. They will have the ability to understand the principles of communication at the battalion level. Additional skills will enhance unit training on weapon systems organic to the infantry battalion and coordinate their employment. The students of the Advanced School will conduct physical training a minimum of 3 hours a week per P6100.13A w/chg 1/2.

Regional First Sergeant and Master Sergeant Seminar

Attendees of the five-day seminar gain a unique perspective on current issues through interaction with key personnel as well as their peers. Seminars will include briefs on the following areas: operations, personnel, leadership, training, joint operations, regional trends, and ongoing initiatives within our Corps.

First Sergeants School

This course (10 academic days) is designed to provide newly selected or promoted first sergeants (and master sergeants serving as senior enlisted advisors) with the requisite skills, knowledge, and tools required to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the senior enlisted advisor to the commander. Graduates of the First Sergeants Course will be able to serve as principal advisors, who are educated in organizational behavior theories, philosophies, techniques, and practices required to advise and assist battalion/squadron level commanders, and who possess the competencies and ethical grounding to serve in senior leadership positions.

Sergeants Major Course

While attending Cornerstone: The Commandant's Combined Commandership Course which is led by the Lejeune Leadership Institute, sergeants major simultaneously complete the Sergeants Major Course. Graduates of the Sergeants Major Course will be able to serve as principal advisors, who are educated in organizational behavior theories, philosophies, techniques, and practices required to advise and assist battalion/squadron level commanders, and who possess the competencies and ethical grounding to serve in senior leadership positions.

Slated Enlisted Leaders Orientation Course

This course is designed for the newly slated Sergeants Major and Master Gunnery Sergeants filling billets as Command Senior Enlisted Leaders at the General Officer level for both service and joint assignments. The role, focus, and scope of responsibility for the slated Command Senior Enlisted Leader changes dramatically from the O-6 to O-7 level and this course bridges the gap and is complementary to the Brigadier General Select Orientation Course and General Officer Warfighting Program. This course is designed to prepare Command Senior Enlisted Leaders slated to the general officer level to be effective command team members, promote strategic level thinking, and enhance communication skills and awareness of the increasingly complex ethical environment while serving on an executive staff.

Staff Noncommissioned Officer Academies

Resident schools (Sergeants, Career, and Advanced) are provided at the University's Staff Noncommissioned Officers Academies, located at Quantico, VA; Camp Lejeune, NC; Twentynine Palms (Sergeants School only), CA; Camp Pendleton, CA; Marine Corps Base Hawaii (Sergeants School only); and Marine Corps Base Okinawa, Japan. All academies offer the Regional First Sergeants and Master Sergeants Seminar.

Resident school dates are executed on a fiscal year basis (1 October – 30 September) and announced via Marine Administrative message (MARADMIN).

	DSN	Commercial
• SNCOA Quantico, VA:	278-2928	(703) 784-3138
• SNCOA Camp Lejeune, NC	751-1941	(910) 450-1941
• SNCOA Camp Pendleton, CA	361-0213	(760) 725-4077
• SNCOA Twentynine Palms, CA	230-6260	(760) 830-6265
• SNCOA MCB, Hawaii	457-2600	(808) 496-2600
• SNCOA Okinawa, Japan	623-4047	(315) 623-4912

CEME Distance Education Programs

Distance education program courses are provided by the College of Distance Education and Training via the MarineNet eLearning Ecosystem.

Direct all inquiries to:

College of Enlisted Military Education Marine Corps Senior Enlisted Academy Marine Corps University 2076 South Street Quantico, Virginia 22134-5067 Phone: (703) 784-4018 DSN: 278 FAX: (703) 784-1150

https://www.usmcu.edu/CEME/

Mission



The mission of the College of Distance Education and Training (CDET) is to design, develop, deliver, evaluate, and manage distance learning products, programs, and resources across the training and education continuum, in order to increase operational readiness.

CDET Overview

Through a variety of distance learning delivery systems, CDET provides distance education and training opportunities for all Marines, government employees, and family members. CDET's programs are accessible globally, preparing graduates to perform more effectively in service, joint, and multinational environments, in situations ranging from humanitarian assistance to combat. The online learning management system, the MarineNet eLearning Ecosystem (eLE), provides education to all Marines wherever they are stationed. CDET's worldwide seminar program supports the Professional Military Education (PME) Distance Education Programs (DEP) through a network of satellite campuses.

CDET's programs and courses concentrate on the leadership, warfighting, and staff development skills of the nation's military, and feature the educational standards, learning areas and learning objectives of the joint professional military education (JPME) program required by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

CDET provides multiple DEPs whereby Marine officers, service counterparts, and Department of Defense civil servants can earn professional academic accreditation to advance their careers. The Officer PME DEPs listed below are delivered as weekly — onsite or online — seminars, onsite weekend seminars, and as blended seminar programs.

Command and Staff College Distance Education Program (CSCDEP)

The CSCDEP provides graduate level education and training in order to develop critical thinkers, innovative problem solvers, and ethical leaders who will serve as commanders and staff officers in Service, joint, interagency, and multinational organizations confronting complex and uncertain security environments. Courses are:

- 8901: Theory & Nature of War
- 8902: National & International Security Studies
- 8903: Joint Operations
- 8904: Operational Art
- 8905: Small Wars
- 8906: MAGTF Expeditionary Operations
- 8907: Naval Expeditionary Operations
- 8908: Operations Planning

Expeditionary Warfare School Distance Education Program (EWSDEP)

The Expeditionary Warfare School Distance Education Program (EWSDEP) educates and trains company grade officers in order to prepare them mentally and morally for billets of increased responsibility across the Fleet Marine Force and the Joint Force, with emphasis on the warfighting capabilities of a Marine Air Ground Task Force operating within a complex and distributed Naval expeditionary environment. Courses are:

- Prerequisite. Completion of the self-paced prerequisite course is required for enrollment in the subsequent seminar courses.
- 8671: Warfighting
- 8672: Functional Employment of the MAGTF
- 8673: Expeditionary Operations
- 8674: MAGTF Operations Practical Exercise

Seminars for each course are sixteen weeks in duration and are offered each fall and spring in order to maximize student flexibility.

Weekend Seminar Programs (WSP)

The WSPs represent unique opportunities for all officers to take advantage of weekend hours to fulfill their (PME) requirements. The current WSP formats include CSC and EWS. The programs support Reserve Component officers (via funded orders) and Active Component officers. Reserve Component officers historically represent the majority of the student body while Active Component officers participate on a space available basis. The WSP construct is 18 months in length, October to June, for two nine-month semesters. This construct is an academic mirror image of the more traditional weekday DEPs that convene one evening a week aboard Marine Corps installations as well as the online DEPs.

Blended Seminar Programs (BSP)

The CSC and EWS BSPs deliver the entire distance education curriculum to either the CSCDEP or EWSDEP student in a single academic year as opposed to two academic years for the traditional onsite or online seminars by combining resident education periods at Quantico, VA; Camp Lejeune, NC; Camp Pendleton, CA; and Okinawa, Japan, with an intervening online, non- resident period of instruction. After an initial resident seminar, students complete the required online instruction and return for a final seminar culminating in graduation with the University's resident CSC and EWS programs. BSPs include international military students and select government agency civilian students

Enlisted College Distance Education Program (ECDEP)

CDET provides the following enlisted PME prerequisite and seminar programs via the MarineNet eLE and CDET satellite campuses:

Advanced Course Distance Education Program (DEP)

The Advanced Course DEP serves as the prerequisite for enrollment in either the resident Advanced School at a SNCO Academy or the Advanced School Seminar Program. This DEP will enhance the students' knowledge of the United States Marine Corps and the strategy behind how we train, fight, and win. The Advanced School DEP is available as a MarineNet Curriculum (EPME7000).

Advanced School Seminar Program (ASSP)

The Advanced School Seminar Program (ASSPE) EPME7500—is an intermediate level fifteen-week course for Marine gunnery sergeants that will enhance the practical knowledge and skills gained from the Advanced Course Distance Education Program (EPME7000). The curriculum for ASSP achieves the same learning outcomes as the resident Advanced School delivered at the SNCO Academies. The focus of this course is to increase the students' ability to translate policy into action while enhancing their positive influence on the command climate as enlisted advisors. ASSP students will continue to learn—at a more progressive level—about the various aspects of ethical leadership,

professional warfighting, and sound decision making. This course will improve leadership, sharpen critical thinking skills, and deepen the students' understanding of warfighting concepts in distributed and joint environments

Career Course DEP

The Career Course Distance Education Program (DEP) serves as the prerequisite for enrollment in either the resident Career School at a SNCO Academy or the Career School Seminar Program. The Career School DEP provides staff sergeants with the knowledge and information necessary to assume leadership roles of greater responsibility. This DEP emphasizes the leadership, warfighting, training, and communication skills necessary for a staff sergeant to lead and mentor Marines. The Career School DEP is available as a MarineNet Curriculum (EPME6000).

Career School Seminar Program (CSSP)

The Career School Seminar Program (CSSP)— EPME6500—is an intermediate level fifteen-week course for Marine staff sergeants that will enhance the practical knowledge and skills gained from the Career Course Distance Education Program (EPME6000). The curriculum for CSSP achieves the same learning outcomes as the resident Career School delivered at the SNCO Academies. This school is intended to enable Marines to serve as ethical leaders, professional warfighters, and to become sound decision makers. This school educates students on obstacles that affect Marine cohesion and compliance with institutional values, Marine Corps warfighting doctrine, and decision-making processes.

Sergeants Course DEP

The Sergeants Course Distance Education Program (DEP) serves as the prerequisite for enrollment in either the resident Sergeants School at a SNCO Academy or the Sergeants School Seminar Program. This DEP provides sergeants with the knowledge and information necessary to assume leadership roles of greater responsibility. The instruction places emphasis on leadership, warfighting, training, and communication skills that are necessary for a sergeant to lead and mentor junior Marines. It focuses on providing sergeants with the knowledge that allows them to successfully perform the duties of a small unit leader with confidence and decisiveness. The Sergeants Course DEP is available as a MarineNet Curriculum (EPME5000).

Sergeants School Seminar Program (SSSP)

The Sergeants School Seminar Program (SSSP)—EPME5500—is a primary-level, fifteen-week program for Marine sergeants. The curriculum for SSSP achieves the same learning outcomes as the resident Sergeants School delivered at the SNCO Academies. The SSSP builds upon the knowledge gained in the Sergeants School Distance Education Program (EPME5000) and provides Marine Corps sergeants with the knowledge and skill necessary to assume leadership roles of greater responsibility. The goal of the SSDEP is to enable Marine sergeants to serve as ethical leaders, professional warfighters, critical thinkers, and sound decision makers.

Corporals Course DEP

The Corporals Course Distance Education Program (DEP) serves as the prerequisite for completion of the Command-sponsored Corporals Course (CSCC). Upon completion of this DEP, Marines will be better prepared to complete the CSCC and maximize the learning opportunities available. Additionally, they will be better equipped to deal with those issues facing today's Corps and pass on the history, customs, and traditions which sustain the Corps' heritage. The Corporals Course DEP is available as a MarineNet Curriculum (EPME4000).

Leading Marines DEP

The Leading Marines Distance Education Program (DEP) serves as the foundation of the Professional Military Education (PME) building block program and supports the development of the requisite leadership skills for our future leaders. This DEP serves as a prerequisite to the command-sponsored Lance Corporal Leadership and Ethics Seminar. The goal of this DEP is to prepare the student for the responsibilities of being a non-commissioned officer. This DEP will support and enhance the students' development of requisite leadership skills and the ability to think critically and make sound, ethical decisions. The primary audience is Marine Lance Corporals who have completed their initial increments of Marine Training, to include MOS training. The Leading Marines DEP is available as a MarineNet Curriculum (EPME3000).

Direct all inquiries to:

College of Distance Education and Training Marine Corps University 2076 South Street Quantico, VA 22134 Phone: (703) 784-2999

https://www.usmcu.edu/CDET/

INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM

The Student Services Office at Marine Corps University (MCU) coordinates support for all international military students (IMS) at Marine Corps Combat Development Command in Quantico. Each year, it supports approximately 120 international students from 50 allied nations.

The IMS arrive at the University up to one month prior to the start of the regular courses. This early arrival allows for an orientation to the Quantico area, tours of the University, an introduction to personal computers/e-mail systems, and an orientation to the use of Marine Corps Base Quantico's base services. Additional classes provide the student a foundation in U.S. and Marine Corps history, politics, government, and human rights.

Volunteers from among the University classmates sponsor the international students while they attend one of the resident courses. These military sponsors provide assistance to the students and their families as they arrive into the Quantico area and then throughout the academic year. Sponsors are often true lifesavers as they help their international classmates adapt to U.S. life, culture, and the academic rigor of the University.

Organized social activities for the international students generally break down into one of six categories: official college or base functions, informal class parties, conference group parties, Informational Program activities, civilian sponsor activities, and IMS informal parties. Official functions include the fall reception, hosted by the President, MCU, the Marine Corps birthday ball in early November, the Spring Family Social, which is also hosted by the MCU President, mess nights, and, in the spring, graduation. Informational Program activities may include but are not limited to visits to national parks and local area monuments, luncheons with guest speakers and faculty, an evening at the Kennedy Center, trips to the Pentagon, Capitol Hill, Supreme Court, the Home of the Commandant and trips to various state and local governments.

The MCU Field Studies Program provides opportunities for IMS to further their knowledge and understanding of U.S. governmental theory and practice, the rule of law and the furtherance of human rights and develop an appreciation for the American way of life. Events include visits to federal entities such as the U.S. Supreme Court and Pentagon, state and local governing bodies such as Stafford County Courthouse and Prince William County Police Department, nearby historical venues such as Colonial Williamsburg and Monticello.

Nations wishing to send students to MCU should make application through their office of defense cooperation to the U.S. Department of State and the Department of Defense. Invitations are issued each year to fill the limited seats available on a case-by-case basis.

Direct all inquiries to:

Student Services Office Marine Corps University Warner Center - Room 1182 2044 Broadway Street Quantico, VA 22134

Phone: (703) 784-3156 or 3157

ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS AND RESOURCES

Marine Corps University offers several additional Academic Programs and Resources to enable and assist with student academic goals:

Alfred M. Gray Research Center (GRC)

Brute Krulak Center for Creativity and Future Warfare

Fellows and Foreign Professional Military Education

History Division

Leadership Communications Skills Center

Lejeune Leadership Institute

Marine Corps University Alumni Association

National Museum of the Marine Corps

Date	Event
1 Jul	SAW reporting date
4 Jul	Holiday: Independence Day
1 Jul	SAW classes begin
9 Jul - 15 Jul	International Military Student (IMS) reporting window
15 Jul - 26 Jul	MCU/School IMS orientation
15 Jul	MCWAR convenes; classes start
18 Jul - 26 Jul	Sister Service reporting window
23 Jul - 26 Jul	USMC CSC and EWS reporting and check-in date
29 Jul	CSC and EWS classes start
2 Aug	MCU Convocation
2 Sep	Holiday: Labor Day
11 Sep	CSC MMS Prospectus Due
17 Sep	President Lecture Series Event 1
4 Oct	EWS Antietam Staff Ride
14 Oct	Holiday: Indigenous Peoples Day
10 Nov	Marine Corps Birthday
11 Nov	Holiday: Veterans' Day
14 Nov	MCU Marine Corps Birthday Ball
28 Nov	Holiday: Thanksgiving Day
5 Dec	President Lecture Series Event 2
25 Dec	
1 Jan 2024	Holiday: New Year's Day
3 Jan - 28 Jan	CSC Elective class period
20 Jan	Holiday: Martin Luther King, Jr. Day
21 Jan - 4 Feb	SAW EUCOM Staff Ride
17 Feb	Holiday: President's Day
21 Feb	All Electives grades due to Registrar
20 Mar	President Lecture Series Event 3
21 Mar - 12 Apr	SAW Asia-Pacific Staff Ride
31 Mar - 18 Apr	
25 Apr	EWS Final grades and Credit Hour Report due to Registrar
28 Apr	Mutter Marines Command & Control Symposium
8 May	EWS Graduation
9 May	Awards due to Registrar
13 May	AY Credit Hour Report due (MCWAR, SAW, CSC)
23 May	Final grades due to Registrar (MCWAR, SAW, CSC)
26 May	Holiday: Memorial Day
2 Jun	MCU Awards Ceremony
4 Jun	MCU Commencement (MCWAR, SAW, CSC, CSCDEP)



Command and Staff College Electives Catalog AY 2024-25



Marine Corps University / Command and Staff College The Electives Program AY 24-25

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Dr. Bateman	Irregular Warfare: The Other Side of the COIN of Great	
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Dr. Benitez	NATO and Challenges to European Security	
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Dr. Dinardo	The Great War, 1914-1918	
Dr. Dinardo	Military Failure	
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Mr. Easterling	Expeditionary Energy	
Dr. Eralp	Peacebuilding in Divided Societies	
Mr. Erderlatz Col (ret)/Dr. Hamm	Leadership and Influence	
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Dr. Hennessey Maj Jaenichen	Where Good Ideas Come From	
LTC Jansen/Dr. Strauss	Arctic Security and Cold Weather Operations	
Dr. Joyner	Interservice Rivalry and the U.S. Armed Forces	
	·	
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Marine Corps University / Command and Staff College The Electives Program AY 24-25

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The Electives Program AY 24-25

COURSE OVERVIEW

The Command and Staff College's Electives Program is an integral part of the curriculum. The Electives Program brings together specialized classes that are drawn from War Studies, Security Studies, Leadership, and Warfighting courses. This allows every student the opportunity to construct an elective schedule to fit his or her intellectual interests. The slate of electives includes a wide variety of topics that range from war studies in the mid-nineteenth century to stability operations and military ethics. Electives are taught by Command and Staff College faculty, adjunct faculty, and Marine Corps University chaired professors. In keeping with the College's rigorous academic standards, all electives are seminar-based and taught at the graduate level.

The Electives Program

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. Electromagnetic Spectrum Operations: *A Critical Enabler* (SECRET US ONLY)
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. LtCol Brian "Marky Mark" Ackerson, USMC (Branch Head, Information Effects Branch, Command Element Information Division, Combat Development and Integration, Headquarters U.S. Marine Corps), *et al*
- 3. Course Overview. Traditionally, freedom of action in the electromagnetic spectrum (EMS) has been a critical enabler for all warfighting functions – command & control, maneuver, fires, intelligence, logistics, force protection, and information – in all domains and the information environment. In the absence of credible challengers, the Joint Force began to treat the electromagnetic spectrum as a readily available commodity. As peer, near-peer, and other technically and technologically advanced adversaries, to include China and Russia, have challenged the United States military's unfettered access to the electromagnetic spectrum, the Joint Force has come to recognize the electromagnetic battle space as an environment in which we must maintain situational awareness, attack, and defend to ensure friendly access at the time and place of the commander's choosing while denying the same to the enemy. Rather than being relegated to oversight by a small group of staff officers from a limited range of technical communities, electromagnetic spectrum operations (EMSO) are now understood to be "commander's business". EMSO must have an offensive bias and be agile, adaptive, and integrated to achieve electromagnetic spectrum superiority across the range of military operations. The EMS is congested and contested – complex – and needs effective governance and proper resourcing for the U.S. military to leverage capabilities in and through this environment to become more lethal and survivable. The U.S. military is going to have to fight for data, information, and knowledge to make timely and informed decisions on the battlefield. Additionally, directed energy warfare – a subset of electromagnetic warfare – capabilities are beginning to proliferate. Directed energy warfare presents the Joint Force with both challenges and opportunities.

The ultimate purpose of this course is to give the student a better understanding of the threat, trending technical, planning, and operational aspects of EMSO, their importance in all domains, warfighting functions, and levels of war; and at units ranging from the squad to the Marine Expeditionary Force.

4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to seminar discussions and write a course paper (seven pages including footnotes). The topic of the course paper will be related to the importance of establishing and maintaining EMS superiority in contemporary warfare, based on themes identified in the classroom. The course paper is due one week from the last day of class.

The Electives Program

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. Security Challenges in Africa: Geopolitics, Strategic Competition, Civil Unrest, & Violent Extremism
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Christopher Anzalone (Research Assistant Professor, Middle East Studies & the Krulak Center for Innovation & Future Warfare)
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Africa is increasingly important in the realm of geopolitics and international relations. This elective course provides students with an in-depth survey of security, political, economic, and development challenges facing the U.S. and its partners and allies across the continent. These challenges include growing strategic competition with China and Russia and the expansion of violent extremist organizations (VEOs) in the Horn of Africa, West Africa and the Sahel, and central and southern Africa. Political instability and civil conflicts in regions such as the Sahel and Horn of Africa also pose challenges affecting regional security as VEOs and rival states seek to take advantage of uncertainty and unrest.

Strategic competition with China and Russia – including the evolving challenge posed by private military companies like the Wagner Group and Russia's new Africa Corps – is playing out in the political/diplomatic, economic, development, technological, natural resource, and military/security spheres. Areas of competition include access to natural resources – including rare earth elements (REEs) and hydrocarbons – the latter of which became increasingly important after Russia's 2022 invasion of Ukraine – port and naval access, technological and infrastructure investment and influence (China's "Digital Silk Road" & Belt and Road Initiative), and economic, humanitarian, and security relations with African states. We'll also examine the expanding roles of NATO member Turkey and Arab Gulf states as they look to expand their hard and soft power influence in regions such as the Horn of Africa (HOA) because of its strategic location near the key Bab al-Mandab naval chokepoint as well as potential security threats emanating from Houthi-controlled Yemen and their effects on regional security in the HOA.

Africa is now the epicenter of non-state VEO activity, with African VEOs rapidly expanding their numbers, operational tempo and lethality, embeddedness in local communities, and territory in the Sahel (including into littoral West Africa), the HOA, central Africa, and southeastern Africa in natural gas and resources-rich northern Mozambique. African VEOs affiliated with Islamic State and Al-Qaeda today pose major domestic, regional, and international security challenges. There are currently 17 African VEOs designed as "foreign terrorist organizations" by the U.S. Department of State, up from two before September 11, 2001. Russia, including through the Wagner Group/Africa Corps, continues to seek bigger footholds in some African states by promising improved security and anti-VEO support, though evidence suggests the opposite is happening in countries such as Mali where Russian presence is exacerbating civil conflicts and galvanizing ongoing insurgencies.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements.</u> Students are required to come prepared to discuss assigned readings and actively contribute to class/seminar discussions.
- a. Contribution to Seminar Discussions (50%). This is a seminar-style course and students play an integral role as active participants in the learning process.
- b. Paper (50%). Students will write a 5-to-8 page, double-spaced policy paper focused on a security challenge (or interrelated challenges) and proposed solution/s. The page count excludes

The Electives Program

the bibliography and final papers should be in Times New Roman (or similar) 12-point font and are due during the final class meeting. Additional guidance will be provided in class.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. China and East Asian Military Strategy
- 2. Instructor. Paul M. Armstrong, LTC (R), Course Director, CSCDEP, Operational Art
- 3. <u>Course Description</u>. This course will first investigate the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) and the national goals and objectives for China along with their corresponding strategic and military goals and objectives. We will then take a day where we look at and discuss PLA capabilities. Next the course will shift into looking at regions around China and how the CCP interacts with these critical regions. Regions to be explored are Taiwan, Japan, Korean Peninsula, and India. The course will wrap up with U.S. policy in the region and specifically the United States' interactions with China.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will be required to do approximately 80 pages a reading in preparation for each lesson. In addition, students will be required to write a level 2 campaign plan from the perspective of the PLA on a region of the student's choice. This paper will be 3-5 pages in length. Finally, students will prepare and present two oral presentations between 6 and 10 minutes each. The first presentation will be on a specific PLA military capability during lesson 4 and the second will be presenting their campaign plan to fellow students on lesson 10.

Grades: 40% Seminar participation

20% PLA capabilities presentation 40% Campaign plan and presentation

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Irregular Warfare: The Other Side of the COIN of Great Power Competition
- 2. Instructor. Dr. Kirklin Bateman (EWS Dean of Academics)
- 3. Overview. This is a course in Security Studies—it is a multidisciplinary (history, political science, and international relations) approach to understanding Irregular Warfare at the operational and strategic level. Nation states have long engaged in or responded to irregular warfare¹ even while engaged in ongoing great power competition—this is not a new concept. Indeed, the Cold War had numerous examples of the United States and the Soviet Union executing irregular warfare operations with proxy forces or regular forces involved in response. As the United States continues to focus on Great Power Competition in response to a rising China and declining Russia, maintaining the ability to prepare for and respond to a range of military options is crucial. "The 2022 National Defense Strategy (NDS) sets forth how the U.S. military will meet growing threats to vital U.S. national security interests and to a stable and open international system. It directs the Department to act urgently to sustain and strengthen U.S. deterrence, with the People's Republic of China (PRC) as the pacing challenge." The strategy goes on to state: "Direct cost imposition approaches also include a broad range of other means, including conventional long-range fires, offensive cyber, irregular warfare, support for foreign internal defense, and interagency instruments, such as economic sanctions, export controls, and diplomatic measures." Indeed, The unclassified Executive Summary of the classified Irregular Warfare Annex to the 2018 NDS required that military departments must maintain "competency with sufficient and enduring capabilities" in irregular warfare. The annex went on to state that: "[i]rregular warfare is an enduring, economical contribution to our national advantage. It is an essential Department of Defense core competency." This course examines Irregular Warfare in all its attendant forms in general and how peer and near peer competitors use it to gain and maintain competitive edge. Students will discuss theory and practice for analyzing and responding to a variety of irregular warfare threats using a modified form of the Estimate of the Situation—A Framework for Analysis and Action. Students will consider several irregular warfare historical and current case studies using Social Movement Theory and case study methodology.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, conduct a seminar presentation, and write a course paper.
 - a. Seminar participation: 25% of grade
 - b. Class presentation on paper topic: 45% of grade
- c. 2-page (~1000 words) policy paper on topic of choice related to Irregular Warfare (broadly defined): 30% of grade.

¹ Irregular warfare encompasses many forms including terrorism, insurgency, transnational criminal activity, militias, and super empowered individuals.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. NATO and Challenges to European Security
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Jorge Benitez, Associate Professor of International Studies, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. NATO is the most powerful alliance in the world, but it is facing a new security environment. Since 2008, Russia has invaded two of its neighbors and conducted significant hybrid campaigns inside NATO members. On February 24, 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine for a second time and historically changed the security policies of NATO and non-NATO partners across Europe. In this elective, CSC students will learn the dynamics and issues that have shaped NATO. This course will also help you understand the debates and decisions that are shaping NATO's response to Russia's attack on Ukraine and how the Alliance is most likely to respond to future threats to European security.
- 4. Student Requirements. There are three graded activities in this elective.
- a. Contribution to each seminar discussion (40% of grade). Students must complete the readings and participate in the seminar sessions.
- b. A written course paper (40% of grade). This will be a 5-page paper on an issue relevant to NATO/European security. Each student will choose the topic of their paper from the list in the appendix of the syllabus. Each student's selected topic must be approved by the instructor in advance to avoid more than one student per topic. The course paper is due at the beginning of the final seminar.
- c. A presentation to the seminar (20% of grade). Each student will present to the seminar a 5-minute summary of their research topic and its importance to NATO. These student presentations will take place during seminars 4-8.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Wargaming Fundamentals
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. LTC Jay Bessey, USA, Faculty Advisor, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course intends to enhance student understanding of multiple aspects of professional wargaming, including its history, current use in support of professional military education and force design analysis, and best-in-practice examples. Through a combination of lectures and exercises, students will examine wargaming theory and elements of design, and apply them to a future user case.

We will include lectures from multiple leaders in industry, and utilize five games during the elective, four tabletop and one digital. Students will play multiple iterations of each game and provide assessments of each that link game mechanics and design to warfighting principles, ultimately demonstrating how the tool can help the Joint Force improve operations and understand its operating environment. Further, gameplay intends to draw out second and third order effects of actions as well as exercise decision-making against a thinking enemy. Selected games intend to demonstrate the vast array of methods and designs that can be utilized to represent the Joint Force, decision-making, and strategizing across multiple domains.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. There are three graded requirements: seminar contribution, online participation, and a written requirement. Each seminar will require preparation that can include a combination of reading scholarly publications, reviewing game instructional material, or watching video tutorials. Students are expected to complete all assigned readings before each seminar; when seminars center on gameplay, students are expected to be familiar with the game, its rules and components prior to class beginning, and capable of starting gameplay immediately. Students are expected to contribute to post-game assessments and use critical and creative thinking skills to determine lessons learned from each game and how to employ the tool for training, education, or planning purposes. Students are required to write on an aspect of wargaming design, application, or case use that achieves determined learning outcomes.
- a. Seminar Contribution (40%). This course is designed around students' ability to engage in wargames and glean lessons learned. Students must be active participants in the learning process and are expected to engage in class discussions and complete all assigned course readings before class. Students are also encouraged to draw upon their professional and personal experiences, outside study, and observations for class/seminar discussion, and training plan development.
- b. Online Participation (20%). Students are to participate in digital wargaming requirements outside of seminar hours that require access to the MCU Wargaming Cloud. Online play is expected to be comprised of two portions: a two-week practice period and a two-week online tournament. In either case, this participation is accounted for in normal seminar preparation time and will conform to standard CSC expectations.
- c. Written Requirement (40%). Students will address an aspect of wargaming employment, planning, training, education, or analysis that outlines the wargame's goals, characteristics, mechanics, intermediate objectives, and applicability to an element of the Joint Force. Students are expected to align the goals with a unit level and type determined through conversation with the instructors. Students are expected to research different games outside of just those played. The paper should be no less than three (3) and no more than four (4) pages, double-spaced, excluding footnotes and the Bibliography/References, in Times New Roman (or similar) 12-point font.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. The American Indian Wars: Relevance to the Present and Future?
- 2. Instructor. Dr. Donald F. Bittner, Professor Emeritus of History, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. "Awareness is not understanding." So said a recent author on C-SPAN 3. What did he mean? Succinctly stated, even if a person knows an event happened in the past (or present), that does not mean comprehending the "why" surrounding it and the context within which it occurred. In our contemporary society, the consequences of the Indian wars of the American "west" are much in the news. As William Faulkner wrote, "The past is never dead. It's not even past," Military operations may have ceased, but the consequence of these are still with us. A perusal of the media produces many reports reference this, e.g., cultural centers opening, remembrances of the past, and provisions of various treaties between tribes and the United States (often ignored).

Context is important in analysis and interpretation of these wars and what is both relevant and not pertinent to the 21st century professional. This includes the planning and execution of plans at the operational and tactical levels of war. How well did various officers whose experiences were with one type of warfare, i.e., the conventional warfare of the American Revolution, the War of 1812, or the Civil War, adapt and adjust (if at all) when confronted with conflicts of a different character with a different foe, over different issues, and in diverse geographical settings? And what of their tribal opponents – how did they comprehend the challenge of a changing human and physical environment which many did not understand and how did they react?

This elective is focused on the wars of the late 18th and 19th centuries. Seminars are devoted to selected wars, campaigns, and tactical operations from the following conflicts: The early federal period in the original Northwest and Southwest Territories, the 2nd Seminole War, within the Civil War, and the two decades after 1865 on the Great Plains and in the Southwest.

Inherent to this elective will be the differing goals of "the Indians" and "the whites;" the effects of the physical environment, values, goals, and technology on the course of these conflicts; how the combatants adjusted or failed to adapt in these wars; characteristics of both successful and failed commanders and leaders; and analyses of specific wars, campaigns, and/or battles.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. *This is a book-based course, all issued by the College*. Assigned readings pertinent to each conflict are from these volumes or material prepared by the instructor.
- a. Contribution to seminar deliberations on the diverse aspects of the Indian Wars from the 17th through 19th centuries. (20%)
- b. Orally brief a selected Indian war campaign, operation, and/or battle, and help lead an ensuing professional critique and assessment of what occurred and why. (20%)
- c. Write four one-page information point papers (Background, Discussion, and Conclusion) on wars and campaigns studied in seminars five to nine. (40%)
- d. Critically analyze identified phases, events, or commanders of the 2nd Seminole War and write a one-page information point paper what happened. (10%)
- e. Critically analyze a phase of the Centennial Campaign of 1876-77 (including the battle of the Little Bighorn [June 1876] and write a one-page information point paper providing a professional interpretation and conclusion on what occurred. (10%)

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. U.S. Marine Corps Space Operations (SECRET US ONLY)
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Lt Col Bogusky and LtCol Newman will support course scheduling, execution, and evaluate academic requirements. Various USMC Space Operations Officers (MOS 8866) and Maritime Space Officers (MOS 1706) within the National Capital Region will serve as guest lecturers.
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. The 2020 Defense Space Strategy emphasized the vital role of space to U.S. national interests, stating, "Space-based capabilities are integral to modern life in the United States and around the world and are an indispensable component of U.S. military power."

As the nation's Naval Expeditionary Force in readiness, the Fleet Marine Force (FMF) is heavily reliant on space-based capabilities to operate across all warfighting domains. The future operating environment demands that Marines fully leverage space capabilities, as "access to reliable space-based communications, weather, indications and warning, and positioning, navigation, and timing is paramount to achieve naval objectives of battlespace awareness, assured command and control, maneuver, and integrated fires."

This elective explores how to leverage U.S. space-based capabilities to enhance operational advantages for the FMF. Students will gain a broad awareness of the space environment as well as the capabilities, limitations, vulnerabilities, and applications of Department of Defense (DoD), national, commercial, and foreign space systems. They will learn to integrate space-based effects into training and operations to maximize exploitation of these capabilities for the benefit of the FMF.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must complete required reading assignments, contribute to seminar discussions (60%) and write a topic paper (40%).
- a. Seminar Contribution. Students must read assigned supporting documents from the student guide and contribute to seminar discussions.
- b. Topic Paper. Students will explore evolving space considerations and the impact on operational-level or tactical space operations in support of the FMF by writing a 4-6-page paper based on a topic list provided by the instructor.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Rhetorical Power: How Language Frames Enemies, Allies, and Communities
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Brandy Lyn Brown, Director Leadership Communication Skills Center
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Ultimately the central discussion of this course is as simple and complicated as "language matters." From when we choose to speak or remain silent to the words we choose to describe others our enemies, adversaries, opponents, or competitors; our allies, friends, compatriots, or coconspirators; and our communities, companies, clans, or comrades, our language has the power to open possibilities, build community, maintain divisions, and/or establish boundaries. Taking a rhetorical approach to communication, this course will explore the power of language from the public stage to the everyday encounter. Beginning with a brief exploration of classical rhetoric, the course readings will then balance an exploration of contemporary rhetoric with the analysis of sample texts and speeches. At the end of the course students will conduct their own rhetorical analysis of a text or speech that has been approved by the instructor.

4. Student Requirements

- a. Seminar Participation (50%). Students are expected to have completed the readings or other assigned materials prior to each course meeting, and be prepared to actively and substantially engage in discussion during each class
- b. Class Reflection Activity (15%). Students will write short reflections after each class period.
- c. Final Paper (35%). Students will write a five to seven-page rhetorical analysis of a text or speech of their choosing that has been approved by the instructor.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. MEF Level Warfighting in the USINDOPACOM AOR (SECRET US ONLY)
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Dan T. Canfield, Colonel USMC (Ret.) and various Highly Qualified Experts (HQEs) from across the Marine Corps and the Joint Force
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course exams the current and future state of MEF level warfighting within the larger context of Joint Force employment in the USINDOPACOM AOR. The elective consists of eight seminars each conducted at the SECRET//NOFORN level designed to increase the students understanding of the operating environment, adversary threat capabilities, The Joint Warfighting Concept, and the respective OPLAN requirements for selected Echelon II/III level headquarters/commands within USINDOPACOM. The course concludes with a TTX designed to put students in the roles of GO/FO Ech II/III level commanders so that they may gain a better appreciation for both the challenges and opportunities associated with the employment of Marine Corps and Joint Forces within the first and second island chains during a potential conflict with China.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must possess a Secret clearance, complete assigned readings in a classified space at MSTP (Mundy Hall) prior to each seminar, and submit a 2-5 page position paper on an approved topic related to the employment of a MEF (i.e. serving as either a stand-alone MAGTF or forming the nucleus of a Joint Task Force), in a conflict with China.

Grade: 50% Seminar Participation, 25% TTX Contribution, 25% Paper

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Artificial Intelligence and the Human-Machine Team
- 2. Instructor. Lt Col Chapa
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course provides students with a conceptual understanding of artificial intelligence (AI) and autonomy with a specific focus on the human element of the human-machine team (HMT). Throughout the course, we will look at the history of AI and autonomy development as well as the history of military adoption of similar and analogous technologies.

Each seminar will focus on a different topic within the broad field of HMT, for instance, we will look at the historical development of AI, early applications—and failures—of military autonomy, DoD policy on AI and autonomy, the law and ethics of AI and autonomous military systems, and the future of AI in war.

Students will conduct additional research on relevant aspects of AI and autonomy as they relate to HMT and the operational changes required for advantage over our adversaries resulting in both a position paper and oral presentation. By the end of the course, participants will have a conceptual understanding of how AI works, how modern AI (deep learning) is distinct from previous generations of AI, and how to think about the relationship between the human user and the AI or autonomous tool.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, deliver an oral presentation, and write a course paper.
 - a. Seminar participation: 50%.
 - b. 10-15 minute Oral Presentation: 20%
- c. Position paper (4-5 pages): 30%. The topic of the course paper will be related to AI themes identified in the class. The course paper is due one week from the last day of class.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Government and Politics of Turkey
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Sinan Ciddi, Associate Professor of National Security Affairs, Command and Staff College
- 3. Course Overview. Turkey has always been renowned for occupying a strategic position and having a foothold in one of the most sensitive regions of the world. For many years, Turkish diplomats were keen to point out that Turkey was located in an "unfriendly neighbourhood". During the Cold War, Turkey was a front-line state, situated on the edge of the USSR and was perceived to be an indispensable actor against the spread of communism and has been the only Muslim member of NATO since it became a member in 1952. Furthermore, Turkey is the only Muslim country which has begun full accession negotiations with the European Union and the possibly the only country which has strived for over half a century to consolidate liberal democratic norms. The country and its people pride themselves in the fact that they have never been ruled by a foreign country and the modern republic's predecessor, the Ottoman Empire was a land-based imperial power. In today's world, interest in Turkey and Turkish foreign policy is growing exponentially, particularly following the so-called Arab Spring, where Turkey is being portrayed as a 'model' for regional Muslim countries to emulate. Over the last two decades, Turkey has grown economically, as well as become increasingly politically stable (in terms of government longevity). As Turkey's national and per capita incomes have risen, so too has the country's economic interests, both regionally and globally. This has prompted several questions: to what extent is Turkey becoming the regional power and to what extent is Turkey likely to move beyond its traditional western foreign policy commitments in pursuit of its diversifying economic and strategic goals?
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, conduct a seminar presentation, and write a course paper.
- a. Class Participation (50%). Each student will be required to contribute to the discussions during each class.
- b. Final paper (50% each). Each student will be required to submit one final paper for the class no longer than 3000 words, including footnotes, but not references.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. The Great War, 1914-1918
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. R.L. DiNardo, Professor of National Security Affairs, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. The First World War has been described as the great seminal catastrophe (Urcatastrophe) of the 20th century. Certainly, it changed the world in many ways. Of the six European imperial powers that entered the war, four (Germany, Austria-Hungary, Russia and Ottoman Turkey) disappeared by the time the war ended officially in 1919. The two victorious imperial powers, Britain and France, came out of the war with enlarged empires but deeply shaken. Much the same could be said of the lesser European powers, Italy, Serbia, Romania and Bulgaria, that entered the war. Perhaps the only two countries that emerged from the war relatively unscathed in terms of blood and treasure expended were Japan and the United States.

The war certainly justified the term "world war." massive campaigns were fought on a number of fronts in Europe. At the same time, major efforts were mounted in the Middle East, Africa and the Far East to attain strategic goals and policy objectives, especially by the Entente powers. These operations were often conducted in the harshest environments, under conditions where the campaign had to be conducted against nature as much as against the enemy.

Militarily, the Great War truly constituted a revolution in military affairs. The war saw the emergence of the airplane, tank and submarine as major weapon systems. Tactics changed considerably, as both sides re-defined the meaning of the term combined arms. The manner in which military operations were conducted in 1918 was quite different than what was practiced just four years earlier. Thus World War I stands as one of the most critical events of the 20th century.

4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. The main text will be David Stevenson's Cataclysm. Students will also have the occasional supplemental reading to present in seminar. Students will also have to write an analytical paper of no longer than 8 pages, which they will have to do a presentation on in class.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Military Failure
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. R.L. DiNardo, Professor of National Security Affairs, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Almost all successful people in any field of endeavor have one thing in common, namely failure. Just about every successful person engaged in business has had to go through the process of seeing a business fail. Scientists such as Jonas Salk had to endure repeated failures before he finally created a vaccine against the dreaded disease of polio. Even in sports, baseball for example, hitting for a .300 average essentially means that you have failure at the plate seven times out of every ten.

Military establishments, however, can ill afford failure, simply because of the potential consequences. In some cases, a military establishment can recover from a failure, such as the United States Army after Vietnam, or the French Army after the disasters of the Seven Years' War. In some cases, such as when a country is overrun by the invading power, failure can have catastrophic consequences. Thus to be successful, military establishments generally need to get it right and get it right, or at least close to right, the first time.

Yet, history provides one with a myriad number of military failures. Some of these revolve around the loss of battles, campaigns or even wars. There are also other types of failures, for example the failure to develop successfully and field the Expeditionary Fighting Vehicle, or the Crusader artillery system, both of which proved expensive failures.

When large organizations fail, it is rarely for just one reason. It is normal to direct blame at a particular individual. The "man in the dock" approach is an understandably attractive approach to analyzing failure, but also a much too facile method to allow one to get at the real causes of failure. In fact, failure, especially when it occurs with large organizations, is a complex phenomenon a good many causes, many of which are interrelated.

4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will be graded on class participation. In addition, students will have to write a short analytical paper (5-8 pages) and present it in class as well.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Marine Corps Great Leaders: Montford Point Forward
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Kenneth D. Dunn, Colonel, USMC (retired), former Director, Marine Corps Leadership Seminar, M&RA, and Adjunct Professor, CDET
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Our Marine Corps history continues to overlook the accomplishments and contributions of men and women of color (Black, Hispanic, Asian Pacific, Native American, etc.). Arguably, these Great Leaders have helped to shape the Marine Corps into its present form, enhancing its expeditionary warfighting posture through dedicated and unselfish service since World War II. This course will examine, in depth, the lives of some of these individual Marines. The focus will be on Black leaders, with an appreciation of other ethnic groups. Through a series of historical case studies, this class will examine the contributions of these individuals to Marine Corps warfighting, leadership, and service to their local communities. As a result of this course, the individual student will gain a more thorough appreciation for these men and women that have helped to make the Marine Corps the fighting organization that it is today, from Sgt Major Edgar R. Huff, USMC to General Michael E. Langley, USMC.

Invited guest speakers include: **Major General Charles F. Bolden,** USMC (astronaut, NASA Administrator), **Major James Capers, Jr,** USMC (Silver Star, Vietnam) and authors **LtCol David B. Brown** (*Shoulders to Stand On*), and **Eugene S. Mosley** (*Footprints of the Montford Point Marines*).

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, conduct a seminar presentation, and write a course paper. Grading: Seminar contribution -50%; seminar presentation -10%; course paper -40%
- a. Seminar Presentation. One oral presentation in seminar from a list of Great Leaders readings. A presentation consists of a 5-minute talk in which the student presents their analysis of the reading and a 5-10-minute Q&A session in which the student leads a discussion of the issues for consideration they have presented.
- b. Course Paper. An analysis of the life and service of one of these Great Leaders, examining his/her impact upon the Marine Corps both in and out of uniform. The course paper is due at the final seminar and should be no less than three and no more than five pages in length (3-5 pages). The paper should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, prepared in 12-point pitch, Times New Roman font, with endnotes and a bibliography, as appropriate.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Expeditionary Energy
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. J.W. "Buzz" Easterling, Expeditionary Energy Analyst, Brute Krulak Center for Innovation in Future Warfare, Marine Corps University
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This Expeditionary Energy elective will demonstrate how energy impacts all elements of national power. This course will conduct a historical analysis to illustrate the growing dependence on energy resources and how the nation has arrived at a point of inflection regarding the relationship between energy, security, and the environment. It will demonstrate how energy has defined national identities and shaped foreign policy in the drive towards energy security. Students will review current DoD and DoN policy regarding climate and renewable energy capabilities and determine how such capabilities can be utilized to maintain a competitive advantage over potential adversaries. Students will study the complexity of deploying energy resources by examining the relative fragility national energy infrastructure. The course will also examine Joint Force energy capabilities as well as current and emerging Marine Corps programs and technologies that are becoming available to the Operating Forces. Through this study, we will determine whether a military advantage is to be gained from climate-minded energy practices and technologies.

This course will include a full-day offsite visit to Dominion Energy facilities in Richmond that may require schedule deconfliction if a student has a morning class on this day.

4. Student Requirements

- a. Seminar participation: 50% of grade.
- b. Course Paper: 40% of grade. Students will identify and research an emerging alternative energy technology that has potential military applicability and describe how that technology would be integrated into the Operating Forces to provide a competitive advantage over potential adversaries. The course paper is due at the final seminar and should be no less than three and no more than five pages in length (3-5 pages). The paper should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, prepared in 12-point pitch, Times New Roman font, with endnotes and a bibliography, as appropriate.
- c. Seminar Presentation: 10 % of grade. Students will conduct a brief presentation on their selected technology and how it would be integrated into the Operating Forces to provide a competitive advantage over potential adversaries. The presentation consists of a 5-minute discussion in which the student presents their analysis of the selected technology. The students will provide a briefing slide to the instructor prior to the last class so that it can be presented in class.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Peacebuilding in Divided Societies
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Doga Eralp, Associate Professor of Security Studies, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course begins with an overview of concepts and definitions of ethnic conflict and what distinguishes "deeply divided" societies from others that suffer violent conflict. Focusing on four modalities of peacebuilding, psycho-social, political-constitutional, military security and economic social it examines the roots of the conflict, its characteristics, efforts (local and international) to ameliorate it, and outcomes.

Depending on the case, various approaches to peacebuilding are analyzed, including structural change, political dispensations, such as "consociationalism," democratization, international engagement, and Track II, or civic society efforts. Integration, partitioning, and power sharing are among the structural paths to peace that are presented. The course ends with the discussion of significant human dimensions of peacebuilding such as healing and reconciliation.

The course is intended to achieve several, interrelated objectives: (1) to provide students with a deeper understanding of a range of factors, be they economic, socio-political, or psychological, that lead to societies divided along ethnic, confessional or other lines; (2) to increase understanding of the interplay of indigenous and exogenous forces in accelerating and reducing conflict; (3) to enhance knowledge of the range of approaches available to states and multilateral organizations committed to peacebuilding; (4) to examine the utility of various institutional, territorial and political reconfigurations designed to build durable structures for peace; and (5) to analyze the impact of efforts to heal and reconcile affected parties.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students are expected to complete all the assigned readings before each class meeting and contribute to seminar discussions. The topic of the course paper/policy brief will focus on one of the organizations or themes identified and covered in the class. The course paper is due on the last day of class in paper and electronic (via e-mail) formats.
- a. Contribution to Seminar Discussions (20%): This is a seminar-style course and students as active participants in the learning process are expected to participate regularly in class discussions and complete all assigned course readings before class. Students are also encouraged to draw upon their professional and personal experiences, outside study, and observations for class/seminar discussion.
- b. Group Presentations (40%): In the first seminar, the class will divide into 3 groups (Top leadership, mid-level, and grassroots); to rotate each week. The formal presentation will be approximately 15 minutes in duration and will be followed by Q & A for approximately 10 minutes, depending on the flow of discussion- The purpose of this assignment is to provide each group the opportunity to analyze the sources of ethnic division in their assigned case; approaches (formal and informal) to bridging communal divides; what has worked and what hasn't, and why. The group may choose to assign each member a specific sector or challenge to focus on. Sectors can include security, governance, economic development, infrastructure, etc. Challenges can include political transparency, judicial or police reform, gender issues, poverty, media, religious intolerance, criminality, public finance, truth and reconciliation, and so forth- The group must develop an integrated presentation with each member analyzing the components of a specific sector or challenge, then the group establishing linkages and providing a picture of the

The Electives Program

Marine Corps University / Command and Staff College The Electives Program 20 problematic as a whole. Presentations can be multi-media and adopt innovative styles and formats.

c. Final Research Paper (20%): Students will pick one of the modules of peacebuilding discussed throughout the semester and apply it on a case of your own preference (it has to be different from the ones introduced in class.) This is an individual assignment. It will require research beyond the assigned course readings. It is not to exceed 1000 words. The paper must have an argument, a point of view, and take into account counterarguments.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Leadership and Influence
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Col Scott Erdelatz, USMC (ret), Dean of College of Distance Education and Training and Dr. Scott Hamm, SgtMaj, USMC (ret), Professor of Modern Naval History, United States Naval Community College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Leading is a deeply personal endeavor. Personality, experience, and the environment all affect how leaders influence those entrusted to their charge. A wise retired Marine officer once said, "Leadership is easy to talk about and hard to do." While that is true, it is also true that studying past leaders, reflecting on one's values, and discussing the art of leadership with peers is an extremely effective way of preparing for future challenges and difficult decisions.

Leaders of all eras have faced similar challenges. However, today's environment also presents some particular ones such as political polarization, resilience issues in the younger generation, and the perception of a "zero defects" culture in some organizations and positions. This elective will examine both timeless leadership principles and specific attributes and skills necessary to thrive in today's environment. A variety of topics will be covered including leadership styles, leader development, decision-making, dissent, success and failure, disinformation, officer and enlisted relationships, staff officer leadership, career management, and calling.

This course reinforces many of the concepts studied throughout the Marine Corps Command and Staff College curriculum.

- 4. Student Requirements. The course evaluations will be weighted as follows:
 - a. Seminar Contribution 60%
 - b. Leadership Course Paper (3-5 pages) 40%

- 1. Course Title. Napoleon and the Art of War
- 2. Instructor. Dr. Matthew J. Flynn, Professor of Military History, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This elective examines the life of "history's greatest soldier," Napoleon Bonaparte. Obviously, determining the validity of that label is a key center-piece of the course. For this reason, Napoleon's campaigns are given close attention. However, the scope is broader both in terms of evaluating his military record and his role as a stateman. This pursuit speaks obvious volumes to any Command and Staff student: levels of war did Napoleon fail at the strategic or operational level, all the while excelling at the tactical level of war, and this inconsistency spelled defeat? What leadership traits can this individual impart today; does 'genius' come into clearer focus? Maneuver, fix and flank, initiative, all Marine Corps attributes of command and built into USMC doctrine, these mandates flow from the person of Bonaparte if so, how do such "timeless" lessons apply to today's "modern" war? What does the Emperor's rudimentary staff say of unity of command in the field and in terms of ruling his European empire from a carriage at times moored in the recesses of Spain, Poland, or Russia? Politics and military coordination were never more in harmony than with this general, and never more unsuccessful, a clear lesson to unlearn.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements.</u> Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, and write a course paper. a. Seminar Participation (60%). Each student will be required to contribute to the discussions during each seminar. Emphasis will be placed on quality of participation over quantity of participation. b. Course Paper (40%). Each student will present a "review" of one aspect of Napoleonic warfare. The course paper is due at the beginning of the final seminar and should be 5 pages. Your paper should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, prepared in 12 point pitch, Times New Roman font, with endnotes and a bibliography.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Breaking Barriers Building Teams (B3T)
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Mr. Joseph F. Garbato, CIVFAC, Command and Staff College, LtCol Keith Crim, MILFAC, Command and Staff College and LtCol William Barr, MILFAC, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Description</u>. This course was designed to educate and empower members of the Joint Force through dialogue. Students will be given tools to develop meaningful, substantive, sustainable relationships in order to achieve unity of effort. Seminars will serve as platforms to explore and exchange differing perspectives on the existing Joint Force culture, relative to its overall health, as it pertains to overall performance and impact. The course directly addresses the Commandant of the Marine Corps' 2019 call to action, encouraging all leaders to discuss discrimination, racial inequity, and prejudice. Students will synthesize diverse perspectives to define culture and identify ways to build effective teams within the Joint Force. In doing so, students will be encouraged to craft ways to develop and sustain safe, mutually supportive relationships in order to build trust and ultimately highly effective teams within the Joint Force. The course provides exposure to leadership concepts related to the understanding of self and others and provides opportunities to create bold, ethical, strategic solutions to build meaningful, substantive, sustainable relationships within the Joint Force.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must complete assignments, contribute to scheduled seminars, and prepare two writing assignments. Papers should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, Times New Roman, 12-point font, with endnotes and a bibliography, as appropriate.
- a. <u>Classroom</u>. The ability to develop meaningful, substantive, and sustainable relationships is a necessary skill relevant to build effective teams. Therefore, Student participation, vis a vie open dialogue, relevant to the assigned readings, is critical. (50%)
- b. <u>Course Paper</u>. Students will prepare a 3–5-page critical reflective paper that integrates theory with practice, facilitates insight, and stimulates self-discovery. The paper will increase self-awareness and broaden perspectives, so students have a more holistic understanding of the complexities of leadership by encouraging students to draw upon their experiences and values. You must incorporate at least two references which can come from course readings or material external to the course. (30%)
 - c. In general, the reflective paper will address the following:
- (1) What are some of the personal dynamics in your life that influence and/or impact your leadership style and/or effectiveness?
 - (2) Describe your preferred leadership style and strengths as a leader.
 - (3) What are your potential areas of growth as a leader?
 - (4) What aspects of your leadership would you change if you could?
- d. <u>Writing Prompt</u>. Students will prepare a 1–2-page paper on a provided leadership writing prompt. (20%)

This writing prompt will serve as your compact to change organizational culture where you stand. Using a learned framework, develop a strategy in prose to break barriers and build effective and inclusive teams, measured by performance and impact.

- 1. Course Title. Routes to Influence: Media effects, Disinformation, and Propaganda
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Craig Hayden, Associate Professor of Strategic Studies, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. The purpose of this elective is to provide a comprehensive introduction to how international actors utilize media, communication technology, and strategic communication programs to achieve influence objectives and advance foreign policy. The course has a specific emphasis on disinformation and how social media affords new opportunities for strategic influence. The first part of the elective introduces fundamental interdisciplinary concepts on media effects, persuasion, and the consequences of disinformation, in order to assess possibilities for influence. The second part of the course will focus on case studies of media-based foreign influence operations by foreign governments and non-state actors, how disinformation spreads online and ways to counter such activities, and the role of audiences in amplifying influence operations. Students will explore how actors leverage platforms for influence in domestic and international cases with a particular emphasis on contemporary foreign influence operation efforts. Through the course seminars and activities, students will work to apply conceptual insights about persuasion, media, and strategic communication to national security priorities.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students are required to come prepared to discuss assigned readings, engage in in-class activities, and complete written and oral assignments.
- a. Seminar Participation (40%). Each student will be required to contribute to the discussions during each seminar session.
- b. Online Discussion (20%): Students will be required to complete weekly short online responses that address question prompts related to the course discussion and readings.
- c. Final Group Presentation and Executive Summary (40%). Student will work in teams to provide a short oral presentation to the class that assesses how a specific U.S. foreign policy or national security priority faces opportunities and challenges from a strategic communication perspective. Students will work in groups to present analysis of the available instruments, media / technological platforms, and practices available to relevant interagency actors. The oral presentation will be based off a required executive summary of their assessment no longer than 10 pages. A separate reference page will be required as an appendix to the summary document.

- 1. Course Title. War, Peace, and the Challenges of Ethical Leadership
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Commander Gregg Hazlett Ph.D. (Deputy TECOM Chaplain) and Dr. Paolo Tripodi (Head, Ethics Branch, Lejeune Leadership Institute)
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. The decisions of military leaders often have profound, life-and-death implications, requiring the proper application of ethical principles. This course explores the importance of applied ethics for field grade officers intending to learn his or her ethical duties as a military leader. We will examine the philosophical and practical aspects of ethics across the spectrum of military operations. Participants apply ethical principles to various scenarios and leadership styles, weigh the moral responsibilities and nuances of the military profession, and consider the moral consequences of their decisions. The class will cover classical ethical theories, behavioral ethics, war crimes, moral courage, emerging technologies, and related topics, as well as the responsibilities to promote peace and protect those in need.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must complete the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, and write two short course papers.
- a. Seminar Participation (50%). Each student will be required to participate and contribute to the seminars.
- b. Course Papers (25% each). Each student will be required to submit two papers, five pages in length. The papers should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, prepared in 12-point pitch, Times New Roman font, with endnotes and a bibliography, as appropriate.

- 1. Course Title. Influence Operations (SECRET US ONLY)
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Colonel Thomas Heller, Commanding Officer, Marine Corps Information Operations Center (MCIOC) oversees the course. The primary instructor and facilitator is Mr. James McNeive, GS14, Deputy Operations Officer, MCIOC. Other subject matter experts will use extensively to provide periods of instruction throughout the course.
- 3. Course Overview. This course was formally known as the Information Operations Elective. It will focus on the concept of influence operations across the modern competition continuum. The complexity of being able to fight and win in the information environment is ever increasing. To win the U.S. must be able to influence selected foreign target audiences in ways that will contribute to achieving U.S. and Combatant Commander objectives. This involves understanding the information environment (IE), and determining how to influence enemy, adversary, neutral, and friendly actors to think, and then act in ways that are advantageous for a commander. The course will rely heavily on current real-world examples and recent lessons learned from the area of operations of multiple Combatant Commanders, such as the on-going Russo-Ukraine War, conflicts in the Middle East, and China's Grey Zone activities in the South China Sea. Students will gain insights on different information related capabilities that can be leveraged in support of influence operations. The course will look at influence operations as it relates to the emerging Joint and Service discussions on information. Specific study areas will include the modern IE, how threats operate in the IE. IE battlespace awareness, Intelligence support to influence operations, social media analysis involving Publicly Available Information (PAI), military information support operations, civil military operations, operational security, signature management, deception, and will-to-fight. It will address the planning, targeting, and assessing of influence operations, as well as methods to influence, deny, or deceive targeted audiences. The course will be taught at the Secret level and will be conducted at MCIOC located at Walt Hall, Building 27404 on MCB 1 (TBS side of MCB Quantico).
- 4. <u>Student Requirement</u>. Students will be evaluated on their seminar contribution (70%), and a course paper of 3-4 pages (30%). Students must have a clearance of Secret or higher in order to attend.
- a. Seminar Contribution. Students will be expected to come to each class prepared, participate in discussions, and interject their opinions or experiences.
- b. Course Paper. Students will choose a topic that examines a challenge in the information environment and provide recommendations on how to overcome that challenge.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Beyond the Band of Brothers: Shakespeare and War
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Megan J. Hennessey, Ph.D., Interim Provost, MCU
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Storytelling is an ancient trope that builds community and contributes to collective sense-making, and there is no better storyteller than Shakespeare. One of Shakespeare's most famous war stories is realized in the St. Crispin's Day speech from the play *Henry V*. On the eve of battle the title character promises his soldiers that "From this day to the ending of the world... We few, we happy few, we band of brothers" shall be remembered. But what about the rest of the Shakespeare canon?

This elective will begin with an exploration into the neuroscience of storytelling and the influence of storytelling on adults' cognitive and affective development. Then, we will apply findings from D'Abate and Alpert's (2017) study on the value of storytelling in leadership and mentorship to our identification of key themes across Shakespeare's writings and those of his contemporaries and Shakespearean adaptations. Finally, we will discuss how lessons from Shakespeare's works on war can be applied to military leaders' ability to teach, inspire, and lead others in a time when social and emotional connection is both paramount and challenged.

Students may have the opportunity to visit the newly renovated Folger Shakespeare Library in Washington, D.C. In addition to literary analysis texts and modern adaptations, sample course readings may include excerpts from the following plays:

- The History Plays (spanning the 100 Years' War and the War of the Roses)
- Julius Caesar
- Titus Andronicus
- Coriolanus
- Macbeth
- King Lear

4. Student Requirements

a. 50%: Contribution to Seminar Discussions: students will actively contribute to the learning of the seminar and to the cohesion and richness of the group through thought-provoking dialogue based on reading, reflection, and other forms of preparation for class.

b. 50%: Rhetorical Analysis Presentation and Paper: students will each present their rhetorical analysis of a selected piece of literature within the context of representations of war and alignment with the CSC core curriculum (25%). The presentation is accompanied by a 2,500-word paper on the same subject (25%).

- 1. Course Title. Where Good Ideas Come From
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Major Paul Jaenichen USMC, Operations Officer Brute Krulak Center for Innovation and Future Warfare
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course is a reading-intensive elective where a student is provided the opportunity to create their own reading syllabus given very broad categories of study. Each week features a different theme (i.e., "Leadership", or "Science") and students are given the latitude to choose the reading material associated with the weekly topic based on their own interest. Each student chooses different readings for the class's theme, and thus the group reads and discusses an eclectic and wide-ranging array of material. The weekly general topics are deliberately NOT of a military nature. By allowing each student to choose their own reading material, and then having the students act as the instructor to their peers in the class for that material, "Where Good Ideas Come From" creates a 21st-century learning environment where the students drive the learning and become their own nexus for making novel and innovative connections between ideas.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will create their own unique reading list and submit it for approval. Once approved, it is the student's responsibility to acquire the approved reading material. Student requirements are as follows:
- a. Weekly Reading. Students will design a syllabus of reading material that consists of no less than 100 pages per session. Reading material will be approved by the course facilitator and the class will meet twice a week for 2 hours where students will discuss what they read. NOTE: as this course is deliberately designed for dynamic learning, students may substitute reading on their initial list based on insights gleaned from previous class sessions.
- b. *Seminar Presentations* (30%). Each week, students will give a 10- to 15-minute presentation highlighting, summarizing, and explaining the works / books they read. They will then have 10 minutes to answer questions and provide amplifying information based on other students' feedback / comments.
- c. Seminar Participation (30%). Students will be evaluated on their worthwhile contributions to the weekly discussion. They will be graded not just on the frequency of their comments, but also their ability to make connections between the works presented and their own ideas.
- d. *Course Paper* (40%). Students will prepare one 4-5-page paper at the end of the course discussing a potential innovative solution to a contemporary military problem or situation.
- * Commonplace Notebook Students will be required to keep a handwritten or digital commonplace notebook. The instructor will periodically review this notebook. The student will determine the exact format and content of the commonplace notebook.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Arctic Security and Cold Weather Operations
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. LTC Lars Jansen, Military Faculty Advisor, Command and Staff College, Dr. Lon Strauss, Associate Professor of Military History, War Studies Department, Command and Staff College. This elective aims to include guest speakers such as CG Brigade North Norwegian Army, Arctic scholars, and subject matter experts from Finland, US SOCOM and NATO Center of Excellence for Cold Weather Operations.
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. One quarter of the world's land mass is considered "severely cold" with temperatures below freezing, snow depths of at least 60 cm, and ice and snow covering waters for more than 180 days a year. Another quarter is considered moderately cold. Most of the United States, Europe, and Asia fits in one of these regions.

The 2024 National Defense Strategy clearly states that the Arctic is a strategically important region for the United States. Major geopolitical changes are driving the need for a new strategic approach to the Arctic, including Russia's full-scale invasion of Ukraine, the accession of Finland and Sweden to the NATO Alliance, increasing collaboration between the People's Republic of China (PRC) and Russia, and the accelerating impacts of climate change. This increasingly accessible region is becoming a venue for strategic competition, and the United States must stand ready to meet the challenge alongside Allies and partners.

The 2021 DON Arctic Strategy states: "Department of the Navy Arctic Strategy - working closely with our joint force, the interagency, allies, and partners – will maintain an enhanced presence, strengthen cooperative partnerships, and build more capable Arctic forces to achieve common interests and address these challenges in the coming decades."

Arguably, success in Cold Weather Operations requires knowledge, operational planning expertise, and adaptive leadership. This elective will focus on Arctic security and cold weather operations at the operational level by doing battle studies, leadership discussions, practical applications, and having guest speakers.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned literature, reflect on the material, contribute to seminars, conduct one practical application, and write a 3-5-page course paper.
- a. Seminar Contribution. Students must actively participate in seminar discussions based on readings and lectures. Seminar contribution will count 70% of grade.
- b. Students will conduct a planning exercise and a wargame with a focus on problem framing of a contingency in the Arctic region. Practical application will be considered as part of the seminar contribution.
- c. Course Paper. Students must write a 3-5 page course paper. The analytical paper will count 30% of the grade.

- 1. Course Title. Interservice Rivalry and the U.S. Armed Forces
- 2. Instructor. Dr. James Joyner, Professor of Security Studies, Command and Staff College
- 3. Course Overview. Interservice rivalry has been a topic of discussion in defense circles going back to at least 1794, when Secretary of War James McHenry called for the Navy to be spun off into a separate cabinet department. The distinctness of the land and sea domains allowed the two services to operate with only sporadic friction until the invention of the airplane complicated matters. Bickering during World War II led Army Chief of Staff George Marshall to call in 1943 for postwar unification of the Services. The National Security Act of 1947 instead created a third service department, the Air Force, and a co-equal Secretary of Defense. Conferences at Key West and Newport in 1948 and reform acts in 1949, 1953, and 1958 solved some problems and created others. Most notably, despite creation of an Air Force, all services but the Army had fixed-wing aviation; the Army, prohibited by law from doing so and frustrated with suboptimal interest in close air support by the Air Force, satisficed by championing the helicopter. Fiascos in Iran and Grenada in the early 1980s ultimately led to the Goldwater-Nichols Act of 1986 and a genuine embrace of "jointness" by the services. While many analysts argue there is still a long way to go—notably to include a "Goldwater-Nichols for the interagency"—others contend that the pendulum has swung too far. The course will be part history—exploring the events and debates that led to these changes—and part policy analysis.
- 4. <u>Student Requirement</u>. Students will complete the readings, participate in the seminar sessions, and write a 4-page paper on a topic approved by the instructor and due one week after completion of the elective period. Seminar contribution and the paper will each constitute 50% of the course grade.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Political Warfare: Strategies, Tactics, and Implications
- 2. Instructor. Dr. Robert Kozloski, Chief of Staff, United States Naval Community College
- 3. <u>Course Description</u>. The 2022 National Security Strategy notes, "The most pressing strategic challenge facing our vision is from powers that layer authoritarian governance with a revisionist foreign policy. It is their behavior that poses a challenge to international peace and stability—especially waging or preparing for wars of aggression, actively undermining the democratic political processes of other countries, leveraging technology and supply chains for coercion and repression, and exporting an illiberal model of international order. Many nondemocracies join the world's democracies in forswearing these behaviors. Unfortunately, Russia and the People's Republic of China (PRC) do not."

This course explores the complex strategies and tactics of political warfare, where states and non-state actors use propaganda, disinformation, and covert operations to influence global politics. Students will analyze historical and contemporary case studies to understand how political warfare shapes international relations and impacts global power dynamics. The course's unique focus on the ethical dilemmas and international norms surrounding political warfare will challenge students to critically assess the fine line between legitimate statecraft and aggressive interference. By the end of the course, students will have a deep understanding of the tools and techniques used in political warfare and the ability to anticipate and respond to these threats in a rapidly changing global landscape.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to seminar discussions, present one current event case study, and write a course paper.
 - a. Seminar preparation and participation 25% of grade
- b. Class presentation on current event -25% of grade. 2-3 students will give a short presentation (5-7 minutes) during each class on PW related topics taken from the weekly Active Measures newsletter. Bonus if students connect current events to course literature.
- c. 6-8 page (~4000 words) paper on topic related to Political Warfare (broadly defined): 50% of grade.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Resilience and Leadership Communication
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Dr. Lauren Mackenzie and COL James Scullion, Deputy Director/Dean of Students, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. In recent years, there has been an increased emphasis on building resilience among security professionals. For example, each branch of service has its own resilience office (to include the *Office of Force Resiliency*); the DoD community has opportunities to participate in various forms of resilience training; and there are a wide variety of books, podcasts and videos dedicated to the various components of resilience. Although each branch of service approaches resilience slightly differently, it is typically characterized as having four domains: physical, mental, spiritual and social. The goal of this elective is to provide students with an opportunity to look seriously and specifically at *social* resilience and the role of relationship maintenance on effective interpersonal conflict management. While the overlap between resilience and relationship maintenance is becoming more pronounced (e.g., the *Social Fitness*² element of the USMC resilience program) this is still a relatively understudied domain of resilience.

Resilience is often defined as the ability to bounce back after setbacks;³ however, a core assumption of this elective will be that resilience is *constituted in and through communicative* processes. Unlike the ways in which resilience is studied by psychologists, a communication approach proposes that resilience doesn't reside in the individual but rather in dialogue and narrative. Further, the communication theory of resilience contends that individuals *talk* resilience into being and helps explain how people use communication to create a new normal in their lives after disruption, loss, and trauma.⁴

It goes without saying that building resilient relationships is an important undertaking, and the various constructs available to us from researchers in the fields of communication, psychology, and leadership offer strategies we can put into practice in our lives every day. Drawing from examples across a range of interpersonal and organizational contexts, seminar discussions will be devoted to topics such as: (a) thinking traps that deplete resilience, (b) communication skills for relational well-being, (c) social resilience: connections as a stress management resource, (d) resilience and leadership: the role of difficult conversations and, (e) building an organizational culture designed to enhance resilience.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will complete assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars (40%), create a resilience-related infographic (20%), and write a case study (40%).
- a. *Presentation*: Students will bring to life a theory or key concept associated with resilience via the creation of an infographic and an 8-10 minute presentation that includes an illustration of this theory/concept in popular culture, and a discussion of its connection to social resilience
- b. Written case study: Students will examine an interpersonal or organizational conflict using at least three concept/theories/skills from the course. In 5-7 pages, students will apply the

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² https://www.fitness.marines.mil/Resilience/Social-Fitness

³ Reivich, K. & Shatte, A. (2002). *The Resilience Factor: 7 Essential Skills for Overcoming Life's Inevitable Obstacles*. New York: Broadway Books.

⁴ Buzzanell, P. (2010). Resilience: Talking, resisting, and imagining new normalcies into being. *Journal of Communication*, 60, 1-14.

The Electives Program

concepts and skills introduced in the elective to their own experiences and discuss potential implications and interconnections

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Systems Theory and Operational Design
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. LTC David Major, USA (ret)
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Students who desire to "cast their net widely" need only look to this elective, because it will explore some of the most advanced ideas about the art and science of military decision-making and operational planning. Since the late 1980s, authors of US military doctrinal publications across the services have turned repeatedly to system theory in numerous military applications. However, US professional military education (PME) has drifted ever further away from teaching system theory. If today's military professionals do not study the sources of their doctrine, they risk trivializing and "dumbing down" the doctrine itself.

One application in particular, systemic operational design, has won increasing acceptance in US doctrine, though not always under that name and not always with full representation of the underlying concepts. Systemic operational design has gone through phases of evaluation, adaptation, and even rejection, but the fundamental principles have endured. This elective offers the student a deeper understanding of design, a powerful tool for engaging seemingly intractable operational and tactical problems through a holistic or systemic method of planning.

To accomplish this goal the elective provides a firm foundation in system theory, which students will find extremely useful as they study the various facets of operational art, especially operational design. In addition, knowledge gained in the course will allow students to understand the phenomenon of war at a deeper level. As a result, it will make the thoughts of Sun Tzu and John Boyd much clearer and more useful.

In elucidating theory at the root of US military doctrine, this elective aims to provide very practical skills to warfighters for solving complex problems. The primary purpose is to prepare officers for operational command as well as duty on joint and service operational staffs and provide them the tools to lead or be a part of an operational design planning activity. The course does not require any sort of scientific or technical background, but it does demand serious study of some classic texts in system theory.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. The instructors will evaluate students for class contributions and a small group design exercise.
 - a. Seminar Discussion 40%
 - b. Design Activities/Practical Exercise 40%
 - c. Pre and Post Lesson Journal Entries 10%
 - d. Design Paper 10%

The Electives Program

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. The Pursuit of Happiness: Foundational American Ideas on Virtue and Spiritual Fitness for Military Leaders Today
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. CDR Daniel McGrath, CHC, USN, Command Chaplain, Marine Corps University
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. The 39th Commandant of the USMC, General Eric Smith, stated in his July 19, 2024 ALMAR that "Commanders own Spiritual Fitness". However, little is currently offered in Marine Corps Education about Spiritual Fitness and how Commanders should go about owning it for their units. This course will address a gap in education around this topic for leaders who expect to take command or staff positions. The course will not only be useful for Marine Corps leaders, but for leaders from all branches of the service. Foreign military officers who wish to learn more about foundational American values, early American figures, and what is being done about Spiritual Fitness in the American military today, will also find the topic of interest.

The course will feature historical vignettes of great Americans such as George Washington, Ben Franklin, John Adams, and many more. It will show how these individuals addressed the existential questions of life and what it means to live a good life, based on their readings and daily practices. We will also study what USMC Commandants have written about Spiritual Fitness in recent years, and examine current USMC doctrine contained in the Marine Corps Reference Publication (MCRP) 6-10.1, the Spiritual Fitness Leader's Guide. We will learn how Commanders today can speak about Spiritual Fitness with their people, citing examples such as General Smith and BGen Tracy. The course will explore the basis for military Chaplaincy, from the US Constitution and Federal Law, and will show how Chaplains and Command Religious Programs can be a powerful tool in a Commander's toolkit, to steward Spiritual Fitness and to take a proactive stance on problems such as suicide, depression, substance abuse and other ills, and to build a more ethical, professional and effective fighting force.

The class will take a field trip to the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation's Semper Fidelis Memorial Chapel & Park, and the National Museum of the Marine Corps.

- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to seminar discussions and write a course paper.
- a. Contribution (50%): Each student will select a great American figure to study from the time of the founders, and give a presentation on their list of virtues, their library of important books, and their practice of Spiritual Fitness in daily life.
- b. Paper (50%) 5-8 pages, including footnotes. The topic of the course paper will be the student's own philosophy of Spiritual Fitness. Like many early Americans, students will make a list of virtues that are foundational for them, a list of the books that form their 'Library' in support of their Spiritual Fitness, a description of what they've learned from their own practice of Spiritual Fitness, and how they will communicate about Spiritual Fitness with the people that they lead.

The Electives Program

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. Five Domain Awareness for a JTF member in the USINDOPACOM AOR (TS/SCI US STUDENTS ONLY)
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Various Highly Qualified Experts (HQEs) from across the Joint Force (facilitated by LtCol Chris Mellon and LtCol Lindsay Murphy, Military Faculty, CSC)
- 3. Course Description. This course gives the students greater appreciation of the five domains and how to fight in a contested environment from a Joint Task Force (JTF) perspective in the INDOPACOM area of operations. The elective consists of eight seminars with each conducted at the TOP SECRET//SCI level designed to increase the students understanding of the Joint Warfighting Concept and the capabilities of the Joint Force across the warfighting domains, (i.e., sea/subsurface, air, land, cyber, and space). The course culminates with a two seminar session of a table top exercise wargame of a JTF's capabilities in the five domains in the INDOPACOM area of responsibility. Students will complete the course with the ability to join a Joint Task Force in the INDOPACOM area of responsibility with better appreciation of how to fight in a contested environment from the five domains. Note: This elective will require extended classroom hours in lieu of reading material for the final two sessions to have sufficient time to prepare and execute the wargame.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. US Students only. Students must possess a TS/SCI eligible clearance, conduct assigned readings prior to each seminar, and contribute to the culminating table top exercise wargame.

Grade: 60% Seminar Participation, 40% Wargame Contribution

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Gender, War, and Security
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Claire Metelits, Associate Professor of Strategic Studies, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. In 2017, the US President signed into law the Women, Peace, and Security (WPS) Act, mandating the promotion of meaningful participation of women in preventing, mitigating, and resolving violent conflict. The underlying principle of WPS is that men, women, boys, girls, and gender minorities are affected by conflict and crisis in different ways and thus have unique security needs. In short, WPS is a human-centered approach to security.

This course tackles the study of gender and war from two angles: an academic angle and an operational one.1 In addressing the former, we begin by asking questions such as, "What is 'gender' and how it is distinct from 'sex.' How do norms shape how we see the roles of men and women in society and war? What are the gendered narratives that shape the security sector? How does gender intersect with other issues such as citizenship, race, culture, and sexual identification?" The operationally-focused lessons try to answer such questions as: "What is a gendered analysis? What does *doing* WPS look like, on the ground, at the staff level, in planning exercises, and what is happening currently at the various Commands?" We will have several guest speakers (active duty, retired, reserve, and civilian) who can speak to these topics with our class.

4. Student Requirements

- a. Class Participation (50%). Each student will be required to contribute to the discussion during class
- b. Paper, 4-5 pages (50%). Provide a gendered analysis of a security issue and provide alternative ways of approaching it.

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. Modern Day Challenges in the Contested Logistics Environment (U.S. only; SECRET//NOFORN)
- 2. <u>Instructors</u>. Each seminar will host a guest speaker from the Joint Logistics Enterprise (facilitated by LtCol Lindsay Murphy and LtCol Allison Smyczynski, Military Faculty, CSC)
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course provides the opportunity for an in-depth study of contemporary contested logistics challenges with a focus on the INDO-PACIFIC. Students will participate in a series of briefs provided by highly qualified experts that work throughout the Joint Logistics Enterprise (JLE). Speakers will also include senior leaders with extensive experience in operational and strategic-level logistics that are developing solutions to some of the most pressing logistics problems. Students will be expected to professionally engage with presenters based on provided background material and individual research. Students will produce an Information Paper for their capstone assessment, providing an opportunity to inform current JLE and Marine Corps decision making. <u>Note:</u> This elective will require offsite travel to the Pentagon, Defense Logistics Agency, and other locations in the area. Additional travel time will be required, as well as extended classroom hours during the Pentagon visit (in lieu of reading material) to have sufficient time for onsite briefings.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will be assessed on their seminar participation and two professional writing assignments focused on written communication skills for senior-level staff work.
 - a. Seminar participation: 40% of grade
 - b. Information Paper (4-5-pages): 60% of grade

- 1. Course Title. Implementing AI at Your Next Duty Station
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Pedro Ortiz, Lieutenant Colonel, USMC, Deputy Director for Data and AI Services Division, DoD Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Office
- 3. Course Description. Every commander wants to implement AI solutions, but few have an appreciation of the effort, knowledge, and tools required to make this a reality. This course is designed to equip field grade officers with the foundational knowledge of data, autonomy, and artificial intelligence (AI) to address complex military challenges. Drawing from the Office of Naval Research class "AI for Knuckledraggers," the course will explore how AI can be leveraged to enhance warfighting capabilities and improve DoD business operations. Students will apply these concepts to a real-world military problem of their choosing through a short presentation and a comprehensive course paper. By actively contributing to the refinement of course materials, students will ensure that the content is relevant, understandable, and applicable to the Fleet Marine Force. At the end of course, each student will have a framework to implement AI at their next command.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, provide critical comments on existing course materials, conduct a seminar presentation, and write a course paper. Grading: Seminar contribution 45%; course material critique 5%; seminar presentation 10%; course paper 40%
- a. Course Material Critique. Student groups will divide the course slides equally. Each student will be required to make 5 substantive recommendations to improve their assigned slides. The recommendations should focus on making the material relatable and understandable by Marines in the Fleet Marine Force. At least one recommendation should recommend inclusion of technology, methods, or topics that are not currently included in the class.
- b. Seminar Presentation. One oral presentation in seminar. A presentation consists of a 5-minute talk in which the student presents their understanding of the day's lesson (materials will be provided ahead of time) and a 5–10-minute Q&A session in which the student leads a discussion concerning how the day's class is applicable to warfighting or DoD business operations.
- c. Course Paper. Before the 2nd session, students will identify one problem from their military experience that could be solved using AI. Each student will then spend the remaining weeks researching what AI tasks/algorithms/methods would be used as part of an AI-enables system and designing a system that shows the role of AI components (simple box diagram). The paper will describe the problem, the student's initial thoughts about how AI might solve the problem, a description of the AI-enabled system solution and its behavior, a comparison of the proposed solution and a non-AI approach, and a conclusion about whether or not they would still pursue an AI solution. The course paper is due at the final seminar and should be no less than three and no more than five pages of text in length (3-5 pages not including the system diagram). The paper should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, prepared in 12-point pitch, Times New Roman font, with endnotes and a bibliography, as appropriate.

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. The Second Indochina War: An Examination of the American Experience in Vietnam
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Nathan Packard, Associate Professor of Military History, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course examines one of the most complicated, controversial, and painful experiences in American history; namely, the American experience in Vietnam. Although the "Vietnam War" is often considered an "American drama," this elective examines the American experience in a broader strategic and operational context; thus, it pays attention to the other players in the drama, particularly the Vietnamese on both sides of the 17th parallel. Through an examination of the American experience in Vietnam, this course considers the elusive character of modern war. In so doing, the course offers the opportunity to examine issues of concern to twenty-first century national security professionals, including but not limited to operations across the spectrum of conflict from civil reconstruction to security cooperation to combined arms warfare to interagency operations with the influence of domestic politics on all considered. This course is designed to offer insights of importance to the present, as well as to the future, and, in the process, to differentiate between those lessons of continued relevance and those lessons of antiquarian interest.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, participate in and contribute to all scheduled seminars, and write a 5-7 page book review or campaign analysis. The course grade is weighted as follows: seminar contribution 60%; writing assignment 40%.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Special Operations: From Policy to Practice
- 2. Instructor. LTC Jason Palermo, USA, Special Operations Chair
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. In order to gain a practical appreciation for the term, "Special Operations," students will study its aspects as ways (missions, activities, functions) and means (capabilities, organizations) to meet or oppose the aims of its allies or adversaries respectively. Two themes are consistently present throughout the elective: (1) Political and Strategic Elements of Special Operations and (2) Operational Employment of Special Operations. Generation of Special Operations will be discussed including SOCOM Responsibilities and service responsibilities.

The methodology and timing of instruction attempt to ensure the student fully grasps the activities and characteristics of Special Operations prior to judging its predominant character and subsequent definition. Within a policy framework and bearing with the Special Operations Imperatives in mind, students will consider objectives, processes, and structures consistent with or exclusive to Special Operations in relation to level of war, intensity of conflict. In broad terms, students will use contemporary and historical examples to consider different methods and means of Special Operations Forces (SOF) employment and special operations generation with respect to national and environmental constraints, circumstances and conditions.

Specifically, students will examine topics and issues such as national SOF organizations, authorities, Special Operations and intelligence; US National Security Strategy; Counter Terrorism Strategy; and Unconventional Warfare.

- 4. Student Requirements
 - a. Seminar Participation 60% of grade
 - b. 5-8 Page Paper on topic of choice related to Special Operations 40% of grade

- 1. Course Title. China's Grand Strategy: Understanding the Red Perspective
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Mr. Daniel Rice, China Military and Political Strategy SME, The Brute Krulak Center for Innovation and Future Warfare
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. China is the pacing threat for the U.S. As the DoD and Congress prepare for a possible confrontation with China, it is imperative that U.S. decisionmakers, analysts, planners and service men and women develop an understanding of how China views and approaches grand strategy and the People's Liberation Army's (PLA) role in achieving the Chinese Communist Party's goals. The course examines China from a holistic perspective, educating students on China's approach across DIME and other dimensions. You will study Chinese Communist Party (CCP) and PLA primary sources to develop a foundational understanding of Chinese strategic thought, political leadership and legacy, the basic structure, and the objectives of the People's Liberation Army and CCP. Guided by the instructor, you will leverage this knowledge to analyze China's approach to domestic and international issues including cross-strait issues such as PLA military operations against Taiwan. Beyond the PLA, we will examine the CCP's other levers of power to include information control, the Belt and Road Initiative and international institutions, that the CCP uses at it attempts to shape a new global world order. Students who take this course will leave with a foundation to begin to understand the comprehensive way in which China approaches its grand strategy and will develop a skillset to identify how China may challenge U.S. interests abroad.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must complete the readings, contribute to the seminars and write one five-page memo. The course uses a blended lecture-seminar style methodology so attendance in class is a significant portion of the course. The memo will be a role-reversal exercise in which students will assume the identity of either a CCP military or political leader and provide advice to Xi Jinping analyzing one aspect of China's grand strategy. The final memo is due one week from the last day of class.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Information in Marine Corps Operations (will be taught at TS/SCI)
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Mr. Ethan Salzano and various subject matter experts from across MCIC / MARFORCYBER / MARFORSPACE and subordinate commands
- 3. <u>Course Description</u>. 39th CMC's FRAGO 01-2024, "Maintain Momentum" states: "Combined arms operations today are more than coordinating ground maneuver, indirect fires, and close air support already the most difficult task for any fighting force to master. To fight and win against a peer adversary, combined arms must now be all-domain, incorporating effects in and from cyberspace, space, the electromagnetic spectrum, and the information environment. The mastery of this evolution in warfare is what allows us to punch above our weight class. It is what will keep the Marine Corps a relatively small service –respected by our friends and feared by our enemies across the globe."

General Smith states that we will "remain firmly committed to our current path" emphasizing a continually iterative approach for Force Design 2030. To succeed in this fight, leaders must understand how to optimize the Information Domain. 38th CMC stated: "We believe that in conflict with a peer adversary, first moves may be in space and cyber, so we must enable our Stand-in Forces, MEUs, and MEFs to integrate with, and have access to, those capabilities now...The fight for and with information is a nonstop competition. Information is not the realm of specialists. It is a part of who we are, and our approach must reflect that mentality every day, at every level, in all things...We must engage daily or run the risk of ceding the advantage to our adversaries." In MCDP 8, Marines are directed to, "consider every possible way to create ambiguity and uncertainty in an opponent to cause friction while defending against it." As leaders, we must learn how to optimally integrate the tools across the Information domain just as naturally as we conduct kinetic combined arms.

This "Information in Marine Corps Operations" elective will provide insights and vignettes into multiple facets of Information integration across the breadth of Marine Corps Operations and will enable more effective operational integration and senior staff planning. Historically, multiple facets of the Information Domain have been understood and frequently executed by small isolated pockets of expertise resulting in separation from and lack of integration with the majority of the FMF. This cultural and experiential divergence often frustrates effective communication or understanding of operational objectives, desired effects, tactical tasks, or expectations and limitations faced by both the supported and supporting entities. Seminar discussions will assist participants in gaining a practical understanding of how to better operationalize Information across the Information Related Capabilities, allow seminar participants opportunity to provide insights to current Information operators, and assist each individual to develop a specific plan for their personal efforts to integrate Information.

4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read assigned supporting documentation, contribute to seminars and write an information paper that outlines their envisioned plan for integrating Information Operations into their respective anticipated forthcoming assignments. Target audience is yourself in your future billet. You should capture lessons and tasks for yourself which you see as applicable to your future envisioned career track. Think of it as a standard information paper with paragraphs which capture direction, intent and bulletized tasks with sufficient clarity that you will understand what you had envisioned when you dig this paper out

The Electives Program

in a couple years when you are slated commanders. Required length is two to four pages. The paper is due the last day of class.

Grade: 50% Seminar, 50% Paper

- 1. Course Title. After Independence: Building the American Republic
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Thomas Sheppard, Assistant Professor of Military History, Command and Staff College
- 3. Course Overview. This course explores the formative years of the United States, addressing how the new nation forged a strategy for securing its interests as a minor power in an era of great power conflict and crafted a military establishment under the Constitution that conformed to America's unique political culture. In the aftermath of the Revolutionary War, the United States had achieved its independence, but its security in the world of European conflict was precarious. America's commercial shipping was easy prey for North African pirates, while closer to home Native American tribes on the frontier attacked border settlements with impunity. Meanwhile, internal tensions threatened to tear the nation apart at its moment of birth. Perhaps most ominously, Great Britain maintained a series of forts in American territory and sought to weaken or cripple its former colonies. The outbreak of the wars of the French Revolution only exacerbated America's security concerns, as the United States became a pawn in the rivalry between Britain and France. Confronting all these challenges was complicated by the American public's deeply entrenched hostility to permanent military forces, and by the extreme financial weakness of the American government. Yet by 1823, President James Monroe felt confident enough in the United States' ability to challenge Europe's powers that he issued his famous doctrine closing the American hemisphere to foreign interference. This course explains how the United States gained the power and international standing to assert its autonomy in such a short time. Understanding the emergence of an American nation capable of defending its interests will enable the twenty-first century national security professional to better understand the decisionmaking of rising powers today, and how the United States as a hegemonic power can best engage with potential peers and counter emerging rivals.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will write an analytical essay in response to a prompt provided by the instructor. Essay should be 3-5 pages in length.
 - a. Seminar participation: 50%
 - b. Essay: 50%

The Electives Program

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) in an era of Great Power Competition
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Eric Y. Shibuya, Professor of Strategic Studies, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This elective will focus on the role of ASEAN as an organization as well as the policies of select member countries in today's era of Great Power Competition. It will briefly cover the original ideas behind ASEAN's founding and trace its evolution to today. It will examine relations between ASEAN as an organization and great powers, in particular the United States and China. It will then explore strategies of some of the member nations to navigate relationships with Great Powers. Finally, it will examine the prospects for the future of ASEAN as an organization moving forward in the 21st Century.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings, participate in and contribute to all scheduled seminars (50%) and write a 4-5 page paper (50%).

Paper topics must be approved in advance and will focus on security issues in Southeast Asia. While they do not have to focus on ASEAN as an entire organization, either ASEAN or a specific ASEAN member must be the main focus of the paper. (A paper focused on the US in the South China Sea is not allowed. A paper on the Philippines in the South China Sea is acceptable, as is a paper on the role of ASEAN in lowering tensions between parties in the South China Sea).

- 1. Course Title. National Intelligence Support to the Warfighter (SECRET US ONLY)
- 2. Instructor. Mr. John "Mike" Sigler, CIA Chair, MCU
- 3. Course Overview. This elective is designed to assist your future engagement with the CIA and the Intelligence Community (IC) when you return to the operating forces and planning staffs after CSC. The elective aims to hone your skills as an informed, and discerning consumer of national intelligence estimates and strategic analysis. The course emphasizes the use of analysis to inform decision making, although we will also discuss collection, covert action, operations, and other intelligence support to the US military. The focus on analysis is designed to support the broader CSC emphasis on critical thinking, military history case studies, and the intellectual aspects of planning, warfighting, and policymaking. We will also examine a historical case study in order to see how the actors in that situation used national intelligence to inform action, mitigate surprise (or not), or evaluate success. Supporting themes will include analytic bias and misperception, the strengths and weaknesses of the various collection disciplines, the potential for analysis to be pressured by external policy and internal operational interests, and the potential for covert action to achieve goals but risk unintended blowback. There will be an optional "Ninth" session, which will be a visit to CIA Headquarters to meet with the Associate Directorate of Military Affairs (ADMA) to familiarize students with the official portal to CIA for DoD engagement.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. This elective focuses on themes relevant to the operational warfighter on how to engage the strategic intelligence community effectively. It is designed for students to explore how the National Intelligence Enterprise works, who different members of the IC see as their primary interlocuters, and how an operational warfighter might find themselves engaging with this system. Students will have the opportunity to read and watch material that should inform conversations with a range of talented intelligence professionals. While the course includes some operational themes, the focus is on engaging and using the IC's formidable analytic and informational networks effectively. Students will be expected to contribute substantively during discussions which are weighted as 75% of a student's grade. A 4 to 5-page reflective paper on the role of National Intelligence in warfighting and national security will make up the remaining 25% of the grade.

The Electives Program

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. Intermediate Force Capabilities: Supporting the Joint Force Across the Competition Continuum
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Mr. William Soderberg, Colonel (ret.) U.S. Army Reserve, Former FBI Chair, Marine Corps University and National Defense University
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. Since 1996, the DoD Non-Lethal Weapons (NLW) Program has been associated with tactical, security-related capabilities that enable: 1) added decision time/space when engaging ambiguous threats, and 2) response for less-lethal scenarios. The NLW program is now pivoting to an *Intermediate Force Capabilities* (IFC) focus to better support desired operational and strategic outcomes.

More than a re-branding, this effort—sponsored by the Commandant of the Marine Corps (DoD NLW Executive Agent)—seeks to provide an effective array of high-tech capabilities for complex contemporary environments such as freedom of navigation assertions, urban operations, and Defense Support of Civil Authorities. Most notably, IFC offer effective U.S. response to peer competitor *Gray Zone* aggressions without unwanted escalation and a tool when operating among the population in irregular warfare scenarios. IFC-enabled responses include shutting down boat/vehicle engine ignitions, repelling boat/vehicle operators at distance, dispersing targets through 81mm delivered flashbangs (up to 4km) and other intermediate effects.

This course will touch on the relevance and utility of these capabilities as well as cyber, information operations and other IFCs in contemporary operations, the benefits these capabilities offer towards achieving operational and strategic goals, and on their unique suitability for the competition continuum.

In addition, this course includes a range day aboard MCB Quantico, during which students will have the opportunity to fire and see demonstrated various intermediate force capabilities and munitions available in the DOD inventory.

4. Student Requirements

- a. Student contribution to seminar discussion (40%). Students are expected to complete assigned readings and participate in seminar discussions.
- b. Group Presentations/Tabletop Exercise (20%). Students will participate in a tabletop exercise culminating in group presentation of a plan to utilize IFC to compete effectively below the level of armed conflict.
- c. Capstone Paper (40%). Each student will complete a paper (6-7 pages including footnotes/endnotes) on a topic of interest regarding Intermediate Force Capabilities.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. The Staff Ride
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Christopher S. Stowe, Professor of Military History, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. The staff ride is a professional-development tool in which military organizations examine the course of a past campaign on the terrain over which it occurred. This elective course provides the CSC student a unique opportunity to analyze the Campaign of Second Manassas (Bull Run) in depth using the staff ride method.

While neither nineteenth-century weapons systems nor its military doctrine provides distinct "lessons" for the twenty-first-century warfighter, the study of Second Manassas—a campaign informed by transformational national policies, consumed by civil-military frictions, and replete with operational challenges involving mass, people's armies—has much to offer the modern military and national-security professional. In executing the phases of this staff ride (preliminary study, field study, and integration), the modern student gains insight into the nuances of leadership under stressful conditions, considers time-space factors in planning operations, and the relationship among ends, ways, and means in war. Moreover, this elective will expand upon and reinforce ideas and concepts introduced in the War Studies, Security Studies, Leadership, and Warfighting lesson blocks. Students will be expected especially to incorporate material covered in War Studies seminar 3106, "The Evolution of War in the Nineteenth Century," into discussions and analysis of readings covered in this course.

This course will improve the ability of the CSC student to:

- Provide an analytical framework for the systematic study of campaigns and battles
- Use historical context to inform professional military judgment
- Provide a means to develop critical-reasoning and creative-thinking skills
- Provide case studies in the operational art
- Examine the nature of decisions involved in strategy, operations, and tactics
- Provide case studies in leadership
- Analyze the impact of social, economic, and political transformations on military institutions and battlefield performance
- Analyze the use of violence for political purposes
- Consider the effects of time, terrain, friction, and other factors upon plans and their implementation
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will complete the course readings on how to conduct a staff ride, immerse themselves in the literature of the campaign, and participate in classroom seminar sessions. Most importantly, students will as a group plan and execute the class staff ride of the Second Manassas Campaign, receiving guidance from the course instructor. The grade breakdown for the staff-ride elective is as follows:

•	Seminar contribution	30%
•	Staff-ride development	40%
•	3-5-page integration paper	30%

- 1. <u>Course Title</u>. The Rogues: the Islamic Republic of Iran and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Douglas E. Streusand, Professor of International Relations, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. For several decades, US policy regarded Iran and North Korea as rogue states that clearly challenged international order but in a limited way. Since the beginning of the Ukraine War, it has become clear that they form part of a loose coalition of totalitarian states and non-state actors that challenge the international order. Arguably, they pose greatest conceptual challenge. Like the insurgent powers, they are sovereign states with substantial conventional military power, ballistic missile forces, and CBRN weapons capabilities. But they participate in, support, and take advantage of transnational political and criminal networks. Both rogue states also have distinctive political cultures and ideologies. This course will explore the nature of the rogue regimes, their capabilities and operations, and U.S. policy regarding them. There will be at least two guest speakers on North Korea.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Two oral presentations covering portions of the reading. One five page paper on a specific aspect of Iranian or North Korean military capabilities and/or current international activities.

- 1. Course Title. "Understanding Maritime Power"
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Douglas E. Streusand, Professor of International Relations, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course has three components: a historical review of great power competition in the maritime domain from 1500 through the end of the Cold War, an analysis of the contemporary use of economic significance of the maritime domain, including maritime commerce, fishing, and resource extraction, and an assessment of contemporary naval developments. It will thus provide historical and thematic context for contemporary maritime policy and strategy.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Two oral presentations covering portions of the reading. (15%) One five- page paper on a major issue in the course material (35%). Seminar contribution (35%)

- 1. Course Title. Great Power Conflict in the Pacific: United States and Japan, 1898 1945
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Craig A. Swanson, PhD, Associate Dean of Academic, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. US interest in the Pacific began shortly after the end of the Revolutionary War with the opening of trade to China. During the 19th century, American involvement remained primarily commercial but with increasing security concerns over European imperialism and the rise of Japanese military power. This course will trace the origins of American interest in the Pacific with a special focus on the period from the Spanish-American War through the end of World War II. During the span of only a few decades, the US shifted decisively away from its traditional isolationist foreign policy and became the dominant Pacific power. This period was also critical in the development of the modern US Navy and Marine Corps. The course will place special emphasis on the transformation of the Navy and Marine Corps in the interwar period with an examination strategic planning and dramatic developments in carrier aviation, submarine warfare, advanced-based logistics, and amphibious operations. There will be an off-site to the National Museum of the Marine Corps.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. The course grade will be based on seminar contributions (50 percent) and a 5-7 page research paper (50 percent).

- 1. Course Title. Geopolitics of the Islamic Republic of Iran
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Professor Amin Tarzi, Director of Middle East Studies at Krulak Center, Marine Corps University
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This elective aims to introduce students to the geopolitics of the Islamic Republic of Iran (IRI). The elective is not about what geopolitics is, rather, about how geopolitics defines the political and strategic decision-making and determines the behavior of IRI. The class is about IRI's geopolitical position and self-perception in the region and beyond, delving into how Iran's historical memories and political boundaries as well as natural resources determine its threat perceptions and security arrangements. The course will focus on how the IRI has succeeded in expanding its geopolitical reach and safeguarding its system of government since 1979 while limiting or deterring regional foes or threats and major powers such as the United States, becoming an integral actor, along with China and Russia, in trying to alter the existing U.S.-led global order.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings that are available electronically and participate in the class (30%), prepare a short (2-3 pages) reflective essay (20%), and write a course paper (50%).
- a. Seminar Participation. To make this seminar work, students are expected to participate in informed discussions based on, but not limited to, the assigned readings.
- b. Reflective Essay. Students will write a short 2-3 page essay on one of the topics of the course or one of the assigned readings. The essay should represent the writer's views and understanding of the topic or reading, not provide a summary thereof.
- c. Course Paper. Students will write an analytical research paper on a topic related to the seminar discussions based on primary and secondary sources. The course paper is due at the final seminar and should be no less than five and no more than eight pages in length (5-8 pages), double spaced, excluding bibliography and endnotes.

- 1. Course Title. The State of Israel in Context
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Professor Amin Tarzi, Director of Middle East Studies at Krulak Center, Marine Corps University
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This elective is a survey of the modern State of Israel, exposing students to the complex nature of the state's history, society, and politics. More so than perhaps with any other state, the study of Israel in the United States evokes passions linked to each learner's personal beliefs. Such beliefs are based on particular understandings of historical, religious, or geographical narratives. In this elective, the aim is not to support any particular perspective. Rather it is to examine Israel as any other state with its own peculiar history based on an assessment of theoretical, historical, and factual documents from various viewpoints to deepen the students' understanding of the evolution of the State of Israel from the early days of the Zionist movement in Europe to today, the challenges facing it as well as opportunities it has as a state and a regional and international player, and the relationship between the State of Israel and the United States and its people.
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students must read the assigned readings that are available electronically and participate in the class (30%), prepare a short (2-3 pages) reflective essay (20%), and write a course paper (50%).
- a. Seminar Participation. To make this seminar work, students are expected to participate in informed discussions based on, but not limited to, the assigned readings.
- b. Reflective Essay. Students will write a short 2-3 page essay on one of the topics of the course or one of the assigned readings. The essay should represent the writer's views and understanding of the topic or reading, not provide a summary thereof.
- c. Course Paper. Students will write an analytical research paper on a topic related to the seminar discussions based on primary and secondary sources. The course paper is due at the final seminar and should be no less than five and no more than eight pages in length (5-8 pages), double spaced, excluding bibliography and endnotes.

The Electives Program

- 1. Course Title. Ethnic Cleansing and Genocide
- 2. <u>Instructor</u>. Dr. Lynn M. Tesser, Associate Professor of International Relations, Command and Staff College
- 3. <u>Course Overview</u>. This course will provide students with an in-depth understanding of the primary forces driving ethnic cleansing and genocide in modern times. Subtopics will include consideration of debates over the definition and distinction of these phenomena, possible responses to particular instances of mass violence, and ideas for preventing future occurrences. Our primary cases include outbreaks of systemic violence towards Native Americans, Armenians, European Jewry, Poles, Cambodians, Kurds, Bosnians, and Rwandans. The course will also consider the relationship between these policies and wartime strategies, providing military professionals with a more sophisticated understanding of how policies of mass violence towards particular populations may fit into war.

Broader questions under consideration throughout the course will include:

- a. What is the nation-state? How do nation-states differ from empires?
- b. In what ways does the nation-state principle encourage the securitization of ethnoreligious, national, and/or racial minorities?
- c. Why did governments sometimes move large numbers of people within or across state borders?
- d. What is ethnic cleansing? What is genocide? Why may such phenomena sometimes complement (or contradict) state or non-state actors' military strategies?
- e. What factors do cases of ethnic cleansing tend to share? What factors do cases of genocide tend to share?
- f. How can ethnic cleansing and genocide be prevented? Why has prevention become more difficult in recent years?
- 4. <u>Student Requirements</u>. Students will be expected to read all assigned readings, contribute to scheduled seminars, do a seminar presentation, and write a course paper.
 - a. Contribution to Seminar Discussions (40%)
- b. Seminar Presentation (20%). One oral presentation during the seminar on a contemporary case of *potential* ethnic cleansing or genocide of particular interest to the student, selected with the consent of the instructor. A presentation consists of a 10-15 minute talk in which the student presents his/her analysis of a particular "case" (e.g. China's treatment of the Uyghur population, the recent end of the Armenian enclave in Nagorno-Karabakh, debates over Israeli operations in Gaza).
- c. Course Paper (40%). The course paper will allow students to explore a topic of their own choosing, through will require the instructor's consent. The paper will be due within a week of the final seminar and should be no less than four and no more than five pages in length (4-5 pages). Your paper should be double-spaced, with one-inch margins, prepared in 12-point pitch, Times New Roman font, with endnotes and a bibliography, as appropriate.

